



Investment Objective

The objective of the Fairtree Invest Strategic Factor Prescient Fund is to provide maximum long-term capital growth. To pursue its objective, the fund invests in a diversified blend of worldwide assets and strategies. The portfolio is constructed in a diversified manner and aims to provide competitive after inflation annualized returns measured in rand over a 5 year period.

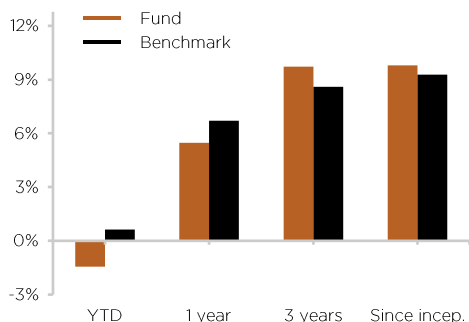
Investment Policy

The fund will aim to deliver moderate to high growth above inflation over time. The fund will invest in a diversified mix of worldwide assets including, but not limited to, equities, bonds, property, preference shares, money markets and other instruments, including listed and unlisted financial instruments as determined by legislation from time to time. The fund will apply a strategic multi factor approach across these multiple asset classes and may include key factors such as: Active Stock Selection (Equities), Quality (Equity), Momentum (Equity), Value (Equity), Investment (Equity), Volatility (Equity), Foreign Credit, Global Property and Local Bonds. The fund may include and utilize passive style systemic solutions. The systematic multi factor approach entails efficient transformation of information into investment decisions, based on a well researched, transparent and consistent set of theoretically and empirically verified factors that constitute a stock's intrinsic characteristics such as quality, value, momentum, investment and volatility. The portfolio has a long term focus and invests predominately in domestic securities. The fund may invest a maximum net foreign exposure of 45% (excl. South Africa).

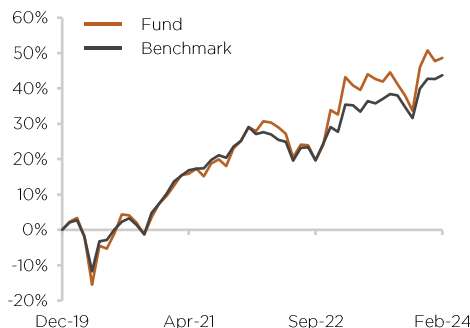
RISK INDICATOR



ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)



CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE



ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 year	5.47	6.71
3 years	9.72	8.61
Since incep.	9.79	9.27
Highest rolling 1 year	36.72	30.65
Lowest rolling 1 year	0.69	-0.17

All performance figures are net of fees.

RISK AND FUND STATS

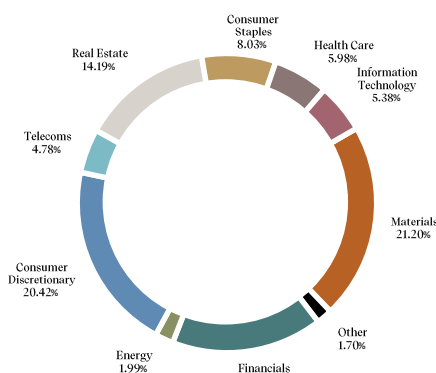
Since inception (p.a.)	Fund	Benchmark
Alpha	0.52%	
Sharpe Ratio	0.31	0.35
Sortino Ratio	0.52	
Information Ratio	0.04	
Standard Deviation	14.27%	10.60%
Max Drawdown	-18.23%	-14.12%
Max Gain	13.04%	9.60%
% Positive Months	52.94%	62.75%

Benchmark risk statistics for funds with intra-month inceptions dates are calculated using the monthly return series.

ASSET ALLOCATION (%)

	S.A	Foreign	Total
Cash	4.23	2.32	6.55
Bonds	5.54	8.56	14.10
Equity	44.77	23.59	68.36
Property	1.59	9.40	10.99
Total	56.13	43.87	100.00

EQUITY SECTOR EXPOSURE



FUND INFORMATION

Fund Manager:

Fairtree Asset Management (Pty) Ltd

Fund Classification:

South African - Multi Asset - High Equity

Benchmark:

South African - Multi Asset - High Equity Category Average

JSE Code:

FISPA1

ISIN Number:

ZAE000281846

Regulation 28 Compliant:

Yes

Fund Size:

R252.1 m

No of Units:

181,985,916

Unit Price:

138.50

Inception Date:

December 2019

Minimum Investment:

R50 000 lump-sum
R1 000 per month

Initial Fee:

0.00%

Annual Management Fee:

0.75% (excl. VAT)

Performance Fee:

N/A

Fee Class:

A1

Fee Breakdown:

Management Fee	0.75%
Performance Fees	N/A
Other Fees*	0.33%
Total Expense Ratio	1.08%
Transaction Costs	0.25%
Total Investment Charge	1.33%

*Other fees includes underlying fee (where applicable): Audit Fees, Custody Fees, Trustee Fees and VAT

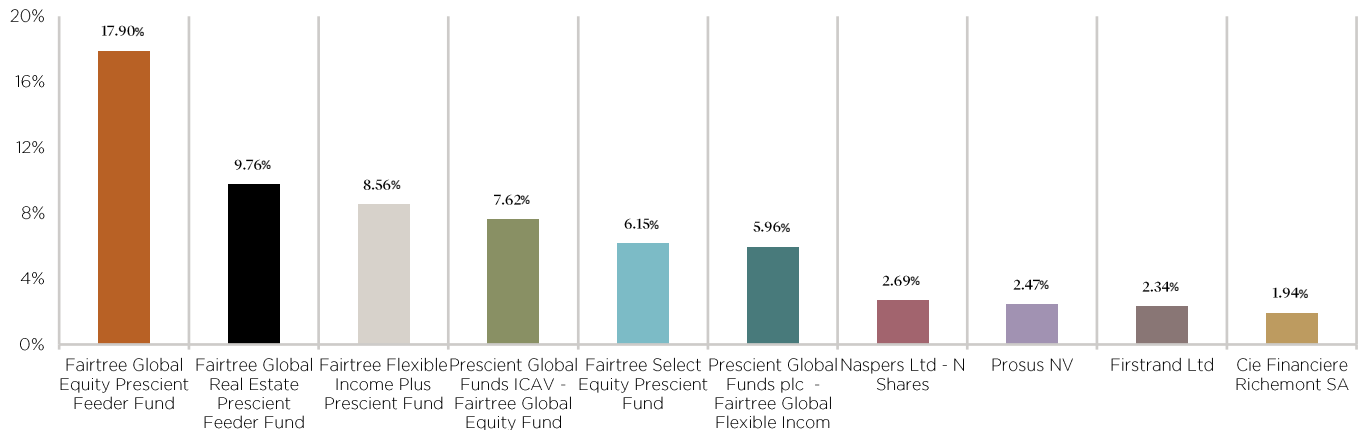
*TIC Fees are calculated in respect of 12 months ending before 31 December 2023

Income Distribution:

31 March 2023 - 3.11 cpu



TOP 10 HOLDINGS



FUND MONTHLY RETURNS

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD
2019												2.32%	2.32%
2020	1.00%	-4.95%	-13.97%	13.04%	-0.83%	4.59%	5.31%	-0.20%	-2.05%	-3.30%	5.04%	3.61%	4.91%
2021	2.13%	2.63%	2.68%	0.27%	1.30%	-1.84%	3.09%	1.04%	-1.61%	4.30%	1.57%	3.22%	20.26%
2022	-0.89%	2.14%	-0.26%	-1.04%	-1.41%	-5.27%	2.99%	-0.08%	-3.48%	3.63%	7.99%	-0.94%	2.74%
2023	7.96%	-1.60%	-0.94%	3.17%	-0.92%	-0.49%	1.82%	-2.33%	-2.29%	-3.06%	9.19%	3.26%	13.68%
2024	-2.01%	0.59%											-1.44%

MARKET COMMENTARY

Global equity markets rallied, and bonds sold off over February. US earnings results were positive in general, but large consumer tech stocks remain the key driver of higher equity indices. The year-to-date equity rally remains concentrated and mostly buoyed by growing expectations of a US economy soft landing. Markets are encouraged by strong economic data and a Fed that continues to signal rate cuts are ahead. Expectations on when the rate-cutting cycle may begin have been pushed back and is now only expected to start in June, with only three cuts expected this year. Sticky inflation data has been the key driver behind this delayed start to the cutting cycle.

Bond yields rose as a result, and the US dollar strengthened. This backdrop has been a challenge for emerging market bonds and currencies. Industrial metal commodities also underperformed, dragged down by continued property sector weakness in China and insufficient policy responses by authorities to bolster confidence. China did cut the Reserve Requirement Ratio, the 5yr Loan Prime Rate and rules around property buyers to boost the market, with no real impact yet. Authorities in China also urged state corporations to buy local equities, which had a positive impact on their equity market as it outperformed other global equity markets over February. Encouragingly, tourism activity during the Chinese Lunar New Year has been very strong, surpassing 2019 levels. We remain of the view that authorities will have to provide more support to the economy to generate the 5% growth target and that the multitude of smaller policy easing announced thus far will eventually provide an uptick to consumer and investor confidence.

Consumer and investor confidence in South Africa has also been depressed, with the economy in stagnation and election uncertainty at elevated levels. Foreign participation in both the bond and equity markets has dried up despite attractive valuations. The recent Budget provided some upside surprise in terms of allowing profits on the SARB's gold and foreign exchange contingency reserve account to be rightly transferred to the National Treasury thereby reducing the debt burden. However, revenue and spending measures disappointed, and consumers ultimately face tighter fiscal conditions ahead. Combined with still tight monetary policy setting, the overall policy setting remains restrictive. Hopes of early rate cuts have faded as global rate cuts have also been pushed back. Locally, inflation has remained close to the target level, but higher inflation risks remain a concern on the back of rising oil prices, a weaker rand and a renewed rise in maize prices.

Equities: Tight financial conditions and slow growth will weigh on valuations, profit margins and earnings. US valuations and earnings estimates remain elevated. We prefer South Africa and emerging market equities with better valuations, less exposure to inflation risks and more exposure to a China recovery and the potential to cut rates. We increased exposure to defensive sectors and securities. We like resources and non-resource rand hedge exposure like global consumer and industrial stocks.

Fixed income: Local bond yields are attractive. Local core inflation remains contained, but upside risks are high. Headline inflation has peaked, and we expect the SARB to cut rates this year. The sovereign credit premium remains elevated. Global developed market bonds remain attractive given the outlook for softer growth.

Currency: We expect the US dollar upside to be limited and should see a weakening bias over coming quarters given its over-valuation status, weak twin deficit fundamentals and expected peak in Fed policy rates.



Glossary

Annualised Performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest Performance: The highest and lowest performance for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Current Yield: Annual income (interest or dividends) divided by the current price of the security.

Alpha: Denotes the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

Sortino Ratio: A measure of the risk-adjusted return of a portfolio. It is a modification of the Sharpe ratio but only penalises the returns falling below a user specified target, or required rate of return, while the Sharpe ratio penalises both upside and downside volatility equally.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month.

% Positive Month: The percentage of months since inception where the Fund has delivered positive return.

High Water Mark: The highest level of performance achieved over a specified period.

Total Expense Ratio (TER%): The Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product.

Performance fee incl. in TER (%) PF (%): The Performance Fee is a payment made to the Fund Manager for generating positive returns and is generally calculated as percentage of investment profits, often both realized and unrealized.

Transaction Costs (TC%): The Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the net asset value of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product.

Total Investment Charges TIC (%) = TER (%) + TC (%): The Total Investment Charges (TIC), the TER + the TC, is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product. It should be noted that a TIC is the sum of two calculated ratios (TER+TC).

Specific Risk

Default Risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives Risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

Developing Market (excluding SA) Risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

Foreign Investment Risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest Rate Risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

% Property Risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Currency Exchange Risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Geographic / Sector Risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative Counterparty Risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

Liquidity Risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.

Equity Investment Risk: Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Disclosure

The portfolio has adhered to its object and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio during the quarter.

Risk Indicator Definition

The fund is suitable for investors looking for moderate to high capital growth in excess of inflation with moderate to aggressive risk appetite. It suits investors with an investment horizon of more than 7 years and who prefer to have the asset allocation decision made for them. The fund complies with Regulation 28 and is therefore suitable for retirement savings.

Disclaimer

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate.

CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third party named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macro economic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 13:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

Management Company: Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd., **Registration number:** 2002/022560/07 **Physical address:** Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto Close, Westlake, 7945 **Postal address:** PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966 **Telephone number:** 0800 111 899 **E-mail:** info@prescient.co.za **Website:** www.prescient.co.za

Trustee: Nedbank Investor Services, **Physical address:** 2nd Floor, 16 Constantia Boulevard, Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort, 1709 **Telephone number:** +27 11 534 6557 **Website:** www.nedbank.co.za

The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and Investments SA.

Investment Manager: Fairtree Asset Management (Pty) Ltd, **Registration number:** 2004/033269/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (25917) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision. **Physical address:** Willowbridge Place, Cnr. Carl Cronje and Old Oak Road, Bellville, 7530 **Postal address:** PO Box 4124, Tygervalley, 7536 **Telephone number:** +27 86 176 0760 **Website:** www.fairtree.com