



Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investors with capital appreciation and to generate income over the medium to long term through exposure to international real estate assets.

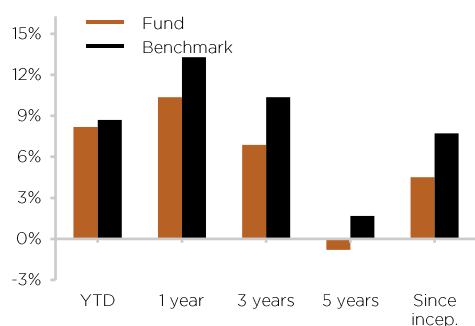
Risk Indicator Definition

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investors with capital appreciation and to generate income over the medium to long term through exposure to international real estate assets. In addition to the risk captured by the indicator, the overall Fund value may be considerably affected by: liquidity risk, market risk, operational risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and currency risk.

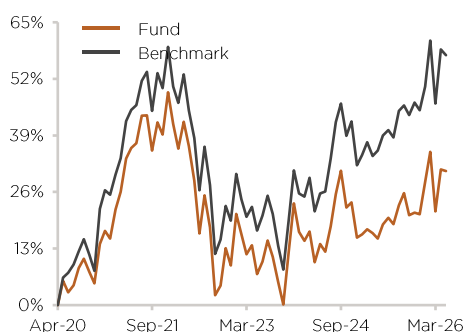
RISK INDICATOR



ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)



CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE



Source: Performance calculated by Prescient Fund Services verified by the FSP
Date: 31 May 2026

ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)

	Fund	Benchmark
1 year	10.35	13.28
3 years	6.88	10.37
5 years	-0.79	1.68
Since incep.	4.50	7.72
Highest rolling 1 year	35.23	42.12
Lowest rolling 1 year	-26.73	-25.09

All performance figures are net of fees.

RISK AND FUND STATS

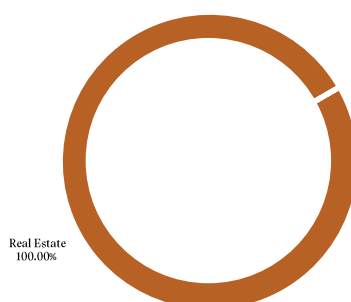
Since inception (p.a.)	Fund	Benchmark
Alpha	-3.22%	
Sharpe Ratio	0.08	0.28
Sortino Ratio	0.13	
Information Ratio	-0.71	
Standard Deviation	17.82%	17.45%
Max Drawdown	-32.75%	-32.15%
Max Gain	12.20%	13.19%
% Positive Months	55.41%	59.46%

Benchmark risk statistics for funds with intra-month inceptions dates are calculated using the monthly return series.

ASSET ALLOCATION (%)

	S.A	Foreign	Total
Property	0.00	92.21	92.21
Cash	0.00	7.79	7.79
Total	0.00	100.00	100.00

EQUITY SECTOR EXPOSURE



FUND INFORMATION

Fund Manager:

Rob Hart

Fund Classification:

Global Real Estate UCITS

Benchmark:

FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Net TRI USD

Bloomberg Code:

PGFGREA

ISIN Number:

IE00BJXSYV28

Regulation 28 Compliant:

N/A

Fund Size:

\$30.7 m

No of Units:

37,319

Unit Price:

1,308.00

Inception Date:

April 2020

Minimum Investment:

\$5 000

Initial Fee:

0.00%

Annual Management Fee:

1.25%

Performance Fee:

N/A

Fee Class:

A

Fee Breakdown:

Management Fee	1.25%
Performance Fees	N/A
Other Fees*	0.33%
Total Expense Ratio	1.58%
Transaction Costs	0.00%
Total Investment Charge	1.58%

*Other fees includes underlying fee (where applicable): Audit Fees, Custody Fees, Trustee Fees and VAT

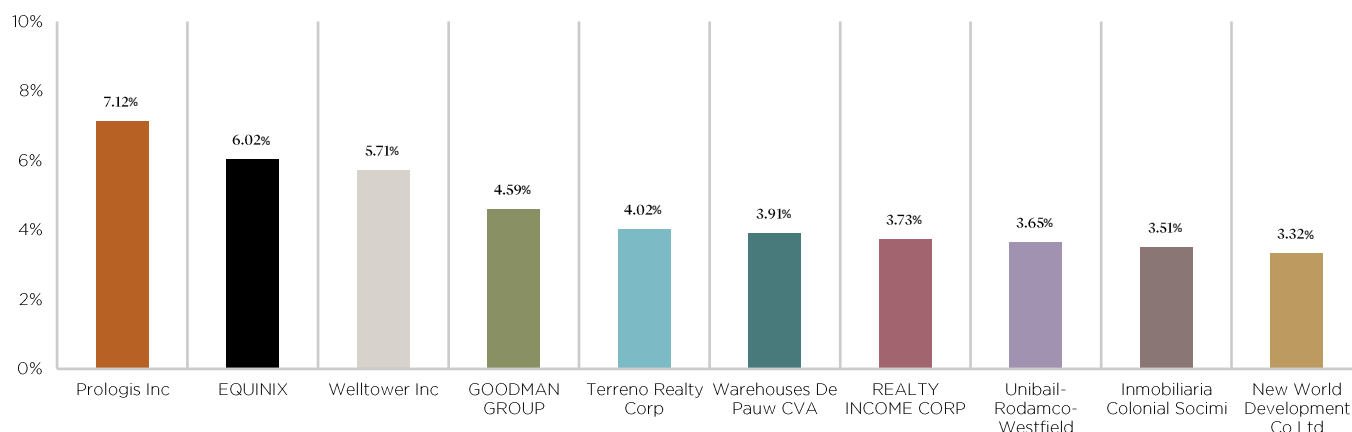
TIC Fees are calculated in respect of 12 months ending before 31 March 2026

Income Distribution:

31 March 2026 - 0 cpu



TOP 10 HOLDINGS



FUND MONTHLY RETURNS

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD
2020				5.60%	-2.49%	1.52%	3.83%	1.96%	-2.75%	-2.44%	8.62%	2.67%	17.09%
2021	-1.54%	5.80%	3.30%	6.07%	1.83%	0.82%	4.61%	0.02%	-5.59%	4.74%	-1.99%	7.01%	27.18%
2022	-4.92%	-3.98%	4.55%	-3.93%	-5.82%	-9.41%	7.48%	-5.85%	-13.23%	2.13%	8.25%	-3.53%	-26.73%
2023	10.86%	-3.84%	-3.95%	1.83%	-5.83%	2.70%	4.36%	-3.25%	-5.20%	-4.92%	12.20%	9.83%	13.10%
2024	-5.34%	-1.75%	1.89%	-6.04%	3.80%	-1.53%	5.17%	6.27%	4.24%	-6.42%	0.93%	-6.56%	-6.42%
2025	0.68%	0.97%	-0.70%	-1.12%	2.83%	1.29%	-1.22%	3.67%	2.28%	-4.02%	0.45%	-0.28%	4.68%
2026	6.15%	5.38%	-10.12%	7.91%	-0.28%								8.20%

The performance figures are expressed in USD.

MARKET COMMENTARY

In May, the fund outperformed the benchmark by 57bps as it was down 28bps while the index was down 85bps. The outperformance was largely driven by the third bite of the apple, stock selection, which had a positive impact on performance of 80bps, while the first and second bites of the apple, region and sector, detracted performance by 23bps. We held around 7% cash this month, which is higher than our usual 3% holding, but it had no impact on performance. The Developed Property Index underperformed the S&P 500 this month as markets priced in rate hikes given higher inflation prints. The US-Iran conflict continues to drag on, which is keeping oil prices and inflation expectations elevated.

Australia was the best performer, up 3%, but we are underweight given higher inflation than other regions, leading to interest rate hikes ahead of the other geographies. With the market now starting to discount rate hikes elsewhere, this is no longer a relative negative, and we are reviewing our positioning. HK REITs were second best, up 3%, although the HK developers were down 3%. We remain overweight HK as property values increase and demand improves. UK was in third place, up 2%, and we remain overweight given favourable valuations and bottom-up fundamentals. The weakest performer for the month was Japan, with the developers down 13% and the REITs down 5%. We are underweight both given stretched valuations after significant outperformance over the last year, and Japan interest rates are rising rapidly. Singapore also performed below the index as the developers were down 2% and the REITs were down 1%, and we remain underweight as we prefer the growth and fundamentals in other regions.

The strongest US sector was lodging, up 9%, where we have no exposure given stretched valuations after a strong share price run, and the likely negative impact of higher oil prices on travel. The second-best performer was office, up 6%, where we remain neutral as attractive valuations are offset by mediocre fundamentals. The third-best sector was shopping centres, up 2%, where we were overweight on the back of attractive valuations relative to malls and a resilient US consumer. Our most overweight sector was industrial, which is up almost 2% as PMI's increased and eCommerce demand improves. The weakest performing sector was net leases, down 5% on the back of rising rates. Healthcare was the second weakest sector, down 2%, where we are underweight on the back of stretched valuations. Data centres were also down 2%, where we are overweight as demand remains high while pipelines are being delayed given power and construction constraints. Our most underweight sector is residential, which performed in line with the US overall.

The best performing stock in our portfolio for the month was US life science stock Alexandria Real Estate, up 23% after it was sold down aggressively over the last year on the back of weak earnings and occupancy announcements. While the fundamental recovery is likely still some time away, the valuations are egregious given the company's high-quality assets and decent long-term fundamental demand. UK student housing stock Unite Group was the second-best performer, up 10%, bouncing off attractive valuations following its derating over the last year on the back of weak UK student housing news. At the opposite end of the spectrum, the Asian developers had weak performance in May on the back of rising interest rates. HK developer Hang Lung Properties was down 13%, followed by Japanese developer Mitsubishi Estate down 10%. After an outstanding year of performance for the latter, we have taken profits and switched horses to Mitsui Fudosan but remain underweight Japanese developers overall. German residential stock Leg Immobilien was down 7% on the back of rising rates in Germany, but we remain committed to the stock on the back of attractive valuations and solid rental growth prospects.

May was less bullish for real estate investors as the sector underperformed on rising rate expectations. That said, there are opportunities to acquire real estate equities at deep discounts to their asset values, which provides us with upside potential, especially relative to stretched valuations elsewhere. Any resolution to the US-Iran conflict would likely lead to outperformance by the property stocks as rate hike expectations were dialled back, but this scenario remains uncertain.

**Commentary is based on USD returns, net of investment charges, as at close of US markets (16h00 EST) on the last trading day of the month. This may differ from ZAR returns, which are shown net of investment charges, as at 15h00 CAT on the last trading day of the month.*



Glossary

Annualised Performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest Performance: The highest and lowest performance for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Current Yield: Annual income (interest or dividends) divided by the current price of the security.

Alpha: Denotes the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

Sortino Ratio: A measure of the risk-adjusted return of a portfolio. It is a modification of the Sharpe ratio but only penalises the returns falling below a user specified target, or required rate of return, while the Sharpe ratio penalises both upside and downside volatility equally.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month.

% Positive Month: The percentage of months since inception where the Fund has delivered positive return.

Total Expense Ratio (TER%): The Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product.

Performance fee incl. in TER (%) PF (%): The Performance Fee is a payment made to the Fund Manager for generating outperformance and is generally calculated as percentage of outperformance, often both realized and unrealized.

Transaction Costs (TC%): The Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the net asset value of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product.

Total Investment Charges TIC (%) = TER (%) + TC (%): The Total Investment Charges (TIC), the TER + the TC, is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product. It should be noted that a TIC is the sum of two calculated ratios (TER+TC).

Specific Risk

Default Risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives Risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

Developing Market (excluding SA) Risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

Foreign Investment Risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest Rate Risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

% Property Risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Currency Exchange Risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Geographic / Sector Risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative Counterparty Risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

Liquidity Risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.

Equity Investment Risk: Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Disclosure

The portfolio has adhered to its object and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio during the quarter.

Disclaimer

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 14:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. The Fund are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

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For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.prescient.ie. Copies of the Prospectus and the annual and half yearly reports of the Company" are available in English and may be obtained, free of charge, from Prescient Fund Services (Ireland) Limited (the "Manager") at 49 Upper Mount Street, Dublin 2, Ireland or by visiting www.prescient.ie. Copies may also be obtained directly from Fairtree Asset Management (Pty) Ltd (the "Investment Manager")

Where a current yield has been included for Funds that derive its income primarily from interest bearing income, the yield is a weighted average yield of all underlying interest bearing instruments as at the last day of the month. This yield is subject to change as market rates and underlying investments change.

Regulation 28 is issued under the Pension Fund Act.

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Trustee: Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited, **Physical address:** Georges Court, 54 - 62 Townsend Street, Dublin 2, Ireland **Telephone number:** +353 1 542 2000 **Website:** www.northerntrust.com

Investment Manager: Fairtree Asset Management (Pty) Ltd, **Registration number:** 2004/033269/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (25917) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision. **Physical address:** Willowbridge Place, Cnr. Carl Cronje and Old Oak Road, Bellville, 7530 **Postal address:** PO Box 4124, Tygervalley, 7536 **Telephone number:** +27 86 176 0760 **Website:** www.fairtree.com