

Investment Objective & Strategy

The **WealthStrat Moderate Prescient Fund of Funds** will aim to deliver a moderate long term total return. The manager shall have limited flexibility in terms of asset allocation and shall not be precluded from continually varying the underlying exposure to both local and offshore assets. The Fund will employ asset and limited geographical allocations to reflect changing economic and market conditions to maximise returns over the long term, the **WealthStrat Moderate Prescient Fund of Funds** will, apart from assets in liquid form, consist solely of participatory interest in Collective Investment Schemes which will invest in a diversified mix of assets, including but not limited to equities, property, preference shares, money market and fixed interest instruments. The equity allocation will be managed at a maximum effective exposure, including offshore equity, up to 60%. The underlying collective investment schemes are permitted to invest in listed and unlisted financial instruments in line with conditions as determined by legislation from time to time. The underlying portfolios will predominantly invest in South African markets but is however permitted to include investments in offshore jurisdictions subject to the investment conditions determined by legislation from time to time.

Risk Profile



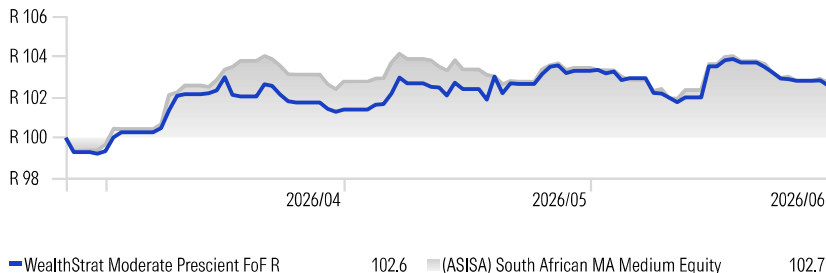
Annualised Returns

	1 Year	2 Years	3 Years	4 Years	5 Years	Since Inception
WealthStrat Moderate Prescient FoF R	—	—	—	—	—	13.78
(ASISA) South African MA Medium Equity	12.52	13.33	12.15	12.45	10.45	12.84

Rolling 1-Year Performance

Highest rolling 1 year return	—
Lowest rolling 1 year return	—

*Illustrative Performance

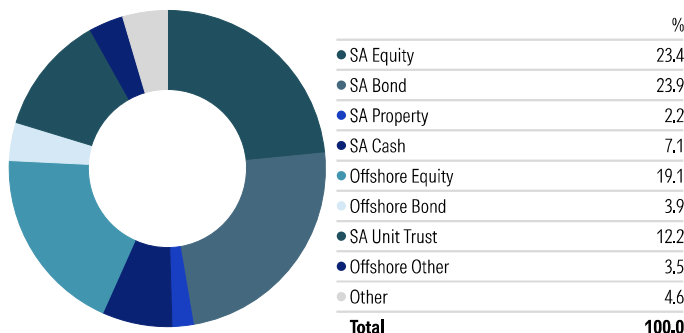


Monthly Returns

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
2026	—	—	—	2.07	1.89	-0.69	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2025	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2024	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2023	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Asset Allocation

Portfolio Date: 2026/06/30



Fund Information

Portfolio Manager	WealthStrat (Pty) Ltd
Fund Classification	(ASISA) South African MA Medium Equity
Benchmark	ASISA SA MA Med Equity-Sec Avg
Time Horizon	5 Years
Regulation 28 Compliant	Yes
Inception Date	2026/03/26
Fund Size	R 3,640,462,865.00
ISIN	ZAE000359162
Ticker	WMPFFR

Investment Minimums

Minimum Lump Sum	—
Minimum Monthly Debit Order	—

Fee Breakdown (R Class)

Management Fee	0.71% (Excl. VAT)
Performance Fee	—
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	—
Transaction Costs (TC)	—
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	—

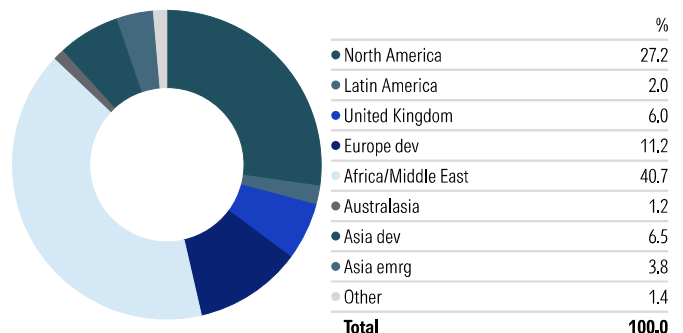
Manager Allocation

Portfolio Date: 2026/06/30

	%
Point Capital Global Core S USD Acc	15.36%
Nedgroup Inv Core Bond C	13.66%
Ninety One Diversified Income L	7.52%
Granate FR Multi Income D	6.37%
Matrix SCI Stable Income Fund B1	6.22%
STANLIB Enhanced Multi Style Eq B1	5.67%
Amplify SCI Strategic Income Fund B3	4.88%
PSG Equity D	4.64%
36ONE FR SA Equity F	4.45%
Aylett Equity Prescient A5	4.16%
Dodge & Cox Worldwide Global Stk USD Acc	4.08%
Ninety One Global Franchise FF L	3.96%

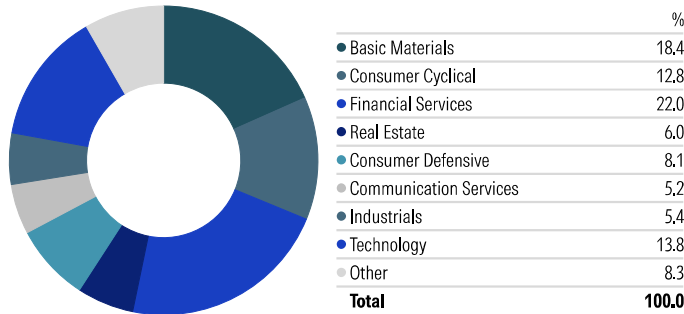
Equity Regional Exposure

Portfolio Date: 2026/06/30



Equity Sector Exposure

Portfolio Date: 2026/06/30



Top 10 Equity Holdings

Portfolio Date: 2026/06/30

	%
Firststrand Ltd	1.53%
Naspers Ltd Class N	1.19%
Standard Bank Group Ltd	1.11%
Prosus NV Ordinary Shares - Class N	1.09%
Glencore PLC	1.02%
Anheuser-Busch InBey SA/NV	0.96%
Anglogold Ashanti PLC	0.92%
Gold Fields Ltd	0.88%
Anglo American PLC	0.78%
MTN Group Ltd	0.77%

Risk Statistics (Since Inception)

	Return	Standard Deviation	Best Month	Worst Month	Max Drawdown	Drawdown # months	Recovery # months
WealthStrat Moderate Prescient FoF R	13.78	—	2.07	-0.69	-0.69	1.00	—
(ASISA) South African MA Medium Equity	12.84	—	3.11	-0.70	-0.70	1.00	—

Quarterly Fund Commentary

Moderate portfolio delivered strong absolute returns in the second quarter of 2026, despite a challenging environment for South African equities. Local fixed income allocations contributed positively and provided valuable diversification, as bond yields declined following lower oil prices and easing geopolitical risks, driving bond prices higher. Offshore equity allocations also supported performance, benefiting from a technology-led rally in global markets. These gains more than offset the weakness in South African equities, where the Resources sector weighed on broader market returns.

The WealthStrat Moderate Prescient Fund of Funds returned +3.4% for the quarter and has generated a return of +13.6% over the past year.

Asset Allocation

Local bonds constitute the largest majority of the Fund's asset allocation, including investments in corporate, government and inflation-linked bonds. Local bonds posted strong performance over the quarter, completely reversing their first-quarter loss and comfortably outpacing global bonds, which were roughly flat over the same period. The decline in oil prices materially improved the domestic inflation outlook, while a firmer rand and renewed global appetite for emerging-market debt drew foreign capital back into South African government bonds — a powerful combination that drove yields lower and prices higher across the curve. Cash, as measured by the Stiff Composite, returned +1.7%, remaining a steady contributor for conservative allocations.

South African equity markets delivered a sharply divergent quarter, with a modest headline index return concealing one of the widest dispersions between sectors in recent memory. The FTSE/JSE All Share Index declined 2.4% in rand terms — a second consecutive quarterly decline — but this restrained headline concealed a significant rotation beneath the surface. The Resources sector, which had led the market in Q1, was the epicentre of the weakness, decreasing 18.7% as the global commodity downturn — particularly the sharp falls in gold, platinum-group metals and oil — negatively affected precious-metal and diversified miners. In stark contrast, the domestically oriented, interest-rate-sensitive parts of the market thrived. The Financials sector led the market with a return of +6.0%, supported by resilient performance from the major banks, while Industrials gained +4.8% as "SA Inc." names recovered. The standout local performer was Listed Property, which surged 10.0% — a dramatic reversal from its Q1 decline — as falling bond yields lifted the rate-sensitive sector. Smaller companies also outperformed their larger peers, with the Small Cap index returning +6.2%.

Global equities rallied strongly over the quarter, with gains broadening well beyond US mega-cap technology. Developed markets rose 13.9% as consensus 2026 earnings estimates were revised sharply higher — by some 11 percentage points since the conflict began in late February — led by the information technology sector. US equities gained around 15% on the back of an exceptionally strong earnings season, in which roughly 85% of S&P 500 companies beat expectations. The standout performers, however, were in the emerging world: emerging market equities surged approximately 24% — their best quarter since 2009 — as the heavy weighting of semiconductor and IT-hardware companies benefited directly from the AI capital-expenditure boom. Asia ex-Japan led all regions (+28%), with Korea (+88%) and Taiwan (+49%) posting extraordinary gains as demand for memory chips and electrical equipment drove index heavyweights sharply higher. Growth stocks meaningfully outpaced value (by roughly 5.6 percentage points globally), while US Small Caps (+15%) also produced strong results for the quarter.

Global bond markets lacked clear direction as investors weighed the impact of energy-price volatility on inflation and growth. The Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index eked out a small gain of around 0.9%. US Treasury yields ended the quarter broadly flat after drifting higher intra-quarter, with the US Federal Reserve — now under new Chair Kevin Warsh — holding rates unchanged while striking a hawkish tone. Elsewhere, the European Central Bank delivered its first rate hike after an eleven-month pause, and the Bank of Japan raised its policy rate to 1.0%. Commodity prices fell over the quarter, with oil down roughly 38% and gold and precious metals falling more than 10% as the safe-haven and "currency-debasement" trades unwound. The stronger rand acted as a marginal headwind to the performance of offshore allocations.

Fund Selection

Nodgrop Investments Core Bond delivered strong absolute performance during the second quarter, achieving first-quartile performance within its peer group, although it marginally underperformed its benchmark. South African bonds had a strong quarter following a challenging start to the year, with medium- and long-dated bond yields declining significantly, resulting in broad-based price gains across the yield curve. Strong foreign demand for South African bonds provided further support to the local bond market, while improving geopolitical conditions, particularly progress in US-Iran negotiations, boosted investor risk appetite and contributed to the positive market environment.

PSG Equity delivered lacklustre performance in the second quarter of 2026, generating negative returns and underperforming its peer group, resulting in third quartile performance. Following a period of strong relative returns, the fund's stock selection detracted from performance, with resource holdings Glencore (-10.9%) and AngloGold Ashanti (-18.2%) among the largest detractors during the quarter. Internationally, exposures to Brazilian stocks Petrobras (+23.8%) and Brasil Bolsa Balcao (+14.5%) also weighed on performance. These losses were partially offset by positive contributions from healthcare holding UnitedHealth Group (+55.3%) and financials stock Discovery (+6.4%). Finally, the strengthening of the rand over the quarter acted as a modest headwind to the fund's offshore equity exposure.

Fairtree SA Equity Prescient delivered negative performance over the quarter, as the fund suffered from a combination of weak performance from the SA equity market as well as stock specific headwinds. The fund delivered fourth quartile performance relative to peers in the SA Equity SA General ASISA category. The fund's allocations to Firststrand (+12.9%), Capitec (+16.7%) and Mr Price (+17.2%) contributed positively to performance over the quarter, while allocations to Gold Fields (-27.6%), Impala Platinum (-28.0%) and Northern Platinum (-30.6%) were the largest detractors. Significant allocations to the Basic Materials sector (around 43.5% of the portfolio) acted as the primary headwind to performance on the back of lower prices for key commodities including Brent Crude Oil (-43.7%), Platinum (-20.3%), Gold (-13.2%) and Iron Ore (-20.3%).

During the second quarter, the WealthStrat Moderate Prescient FoF was restructured to decrease allocations to Aylett Equity Prescient, Fairtree SA Equity Prescient and Truffle SCI SA Equity. This funded increased allocations to PSG Equity, 360One FR SA Equity and Methodical FR Equity.

Summary

We are pleased that the Fund delivered a good return over the second quarter, with most major asset classes posting positive returns over the quarter. We remain comfortable with the positioning of the Fund, both from an asset allocation and a manager selection perspective. The Fund continues to be allocated to a diverse range of attractively priced local and global asset classes. We are confident that it will be able to deliver on its objective over the long term.

Fund Details		Income Distributions	
Number of Units (B Class)	2,560,460,588.69	Distribution Frequency	—
Unit Price (B Class)	1.42	Distribution Dates	31 March & 30 September
Valuation Time	17:00	Income Price Distribution	—
Transaction Time	13:00 South Africa Subscription and Redemption		
Currency	Rand		

Glossary

Annualised performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1-year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest return: The highest and lowest returns for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month

Fund Specific Risks

Default risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

Developing Market (excluding SA) risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

Foreign Investment risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest rate risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

Property risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Currency exchange risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Geographic / Sector risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative counterparty risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

Liquidity risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.

Equity investment risk: The value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Contact Details

Management Company: Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd. **Registration number:** 2002/022560/07 **Physical address:** Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto Close, Westlake, 7945 **Postal address:** PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966. **Telephone number:** 0800 111 899. **E-mail address:** info@prescient.co.za **Website:** www.prescient.co.za

Trustee: Nedbank Investor Services **Physical address:** 2nd Floor, 16 Constantia Boulevard, Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort, 1709 **Telephone number:** +27 11 534 6557 **Website:** www.nedbank.co.za

The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and Investments South Africa.

Investment Manager: WealthStrat (Pty) Ltd, Registration number: 2013/025893/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (FSP 44865) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision.

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Disclaimer

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long-term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

A Fund of Funds is a portfolio that invests in portfolios of collective investment schemes, which levy their own charges, which could result in a higher fee structure for these portfolios.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third-party-named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 13:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

*The investment performance is for illustrative purposes only. The investment performance is calculated by taking the actual initial fees and all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown and income is reinvested on the reinvestment date.

For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.prescient.co.za

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This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.