

# CORONATION GLOBAL CAPITAL PLUS PRESCIENT FEEDER AMETF

Fund Information as at 30 June 2025

## WHAT IS THE FUND'S OBJECTIVE?

The fund is in the first instance managed to achieve reasonable investment growth over time. Our intent is that the fund should meaningfully outperform an investment in developed market cash over any five-year period. In addition, we aim to preserve capital over any 12-month period.

## WHAT DOES THE FUND INVEST IN?

The fund can invest in all listed asset classes including shares, listed property, bonds and cash. The fund will primarily have exposure to developed economies (including the US, Europe and Japan) but can also invest in emerging markets.

The fund is managed to suit the needs of more conservative investors who want to invest for longer than three years. Exposure to growth assets (shares and listed property), which pose more risk than income assets, will typically not exceed 50%.

The intent is to keep the fund fully invested in foreign assets at all times. It will have exposure to a variety of currencies, with a general bias towards developed markets, specifically to the US dollar and euro.

The fund is allowed to make use of exchange traded funds and financial instruments to implement its investment views.

## IMPORTANT PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS AND RISKS

### Risk Profile



### Maximum growth/ minimum income exposures



The fund aims to protect capital over any 12-month period in all market conditions, while offering real investment growth over the long term. However, capital is not guaranteed.

The fund invests in a broad range of different assets and many countries. Global currency movements may intensify investment gains or declines.

A conservative multi-asset fund which aims to preserve capital, it is classified as having a conservative to moderate risk profile. However, the fund has significant foreign asset exposure and is therefore subject to currency volatility. For the rand investor the risk profile of the fund should be considered as moderate to high.

This feeder fund aims to remain fully invested in units in the Global Capital Plus Fund, which is domiciled offshore. The only other assets that will be held at feeder fund level is local and foreign cash for liquidity purposes.

## HOW LONG SHOULD INVESTORS REMAIN INVESTED?

An investment term of more than three years is recommended.

## WHO SHOULD CONSIDER INVESTING IN THE FUND?

Investors who are building wealth, and who

- seek a single international investment that will give them access to some of the best opportunities around the globe, while aiming to protect their capital;
- require conservative exposure to offshore markets;
- do not require an income from their investment.

## WHAT COSTS CAN I EXPECT TO PAY?

An annual fee of 0.85% is payable.

The full annual fee is collected in the master fund. Fund expenses incurred in the fund include fees payable to unconnected international fund managers on a portion of assets situated offshore as well as trading, custody and audit charges. All performance information is disclosed after deducting all fees and other fund costs.

We do not charge fees to access or withdraw from the fund.

More detail is available on [www.coronation.com](http://www.coronation.com).

## WHO ARE THE FUND MANAGERS?



**NEIL PADOA**

BEconSc (AcSci), FFA, CFA

## GENERAL FUND INFORMATION

Investment Manager	Coronation Asset Management (Pty) Ltd
Management Company	Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd
Liquidity provider	Prescient Securities (Pty) Ltd
Launch Date	16 August 2024
Benchmark	Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) + 1.5%
ASISA Fund Category	Global – Multi-asset – Low Equity
Income Distribution	Annually (March)
Bloomberg Code	COGCAP SJ
ISIN Code	ZAE000337150
JSE Code	COGCAP
Base Currency	ZAR
Exchange	JSE

ASISA Fund Category	Global - Multi Asset - Low Equity
Launch date	16 August 2024
Fund size	R 52.11 Million
NAV	1109.16 cents
Benchmark	SOFR + 1.5%
Portfolio manager/s	Neil Padoa
Number of units	4 697 876 units

*Total Expense Ratio	1 Year*	3 Year*
Fund management fee		
Fund expenses		
VAT		
Transaction costs (inc. VAT)		
Total Investment Charge		

PERFORMANCE AND RISK STATISTICS

Performance and Risk Statistics will be available 12 months after launch.

PORTFOLIO DETAIL

EFFECTIVE ASSET ALLOCATION EXPOSURE

Sector	30 Jun 2025
Equities	24.9%
Infrastructure	2.5%
Property	3.3%
Convertible Bonds	0.8%
High Yield Bonds	2.8%
Fixed Income	52.9%
Corporate	25.7%
Government	19.2%
Inflation-linked bonds	8.0%
Cash	12.8%

TOP 10 HOLDINGS

As at 30 Jun 2025	% of Fund
Tsmc	0.9 %
Cellnex Telecom	0.8 %
Amazon.com	0.8 %
Airbus Group Se	0.8 %
Aspen Group	0.8 %
Asml	0.8 %
Flutter Entertainment	0.7 %
Elevance Health	0.7 %
Microsoft	0.7 %
Lpl Financial	0.7 %

CURRENCY ALLOCATION

Currency as at 30 Jun 2025	% of Fund
US Dollar	79.8%
Other	20.2%

INCOME DISTRIBUTIONS

Not available - New fund

\*TER's not yet available, it will be available 12 months after launch date. Please refer to page 4 for more information.  
Please refer to page 4 of the Comprehensive Fact Sheet for important additional information, including change in cost disclosures.

***Please note that the commentary is for the US dollar retail class of the Fund. The feeder fund is 100% invested in the underlying US dollar fund. However, given small valuation, trading and translation differences for the two funds, investors should expect differences in returns in the short term. Over the long term, we aim to achieve the same outcome in US dollar terms for both funds.***

The second quarter of 2025 (Q2) began with a tariff tantrum and was characterised by policy uncertainty, elevated volatility, and US dollar weakness. Yet markets finished at all-time highs. There was little to distinguish performance across the main geographical regions over the quarter, with the S&P 500 Index slightly underperforming (by ~50bps) the MSCI All Country World Index's 11.5% return, and both the MSCI Emerging Markets and MSCI World ex-US indices slightly outperforming (by ~50bps). Global bond performance was also strong, delivering 4.5% for the period. The Fund's outperformance continued, with a gain of 6.5% in the quarter being well ahead of the benchmark's 1.5%. For the last 12 months, the Fund has returned 13.8% compared to 6.4% for the benchmark.

At quarter-end, the portfolio was positioned as follows:

- 12.8% in short-dated US T-bills
- 19.2% in developed market government bonds
- 25.7% in investment-grade corporate bonds
- 8% in US inflation-linked bonds
- 3.7% in high yield fixed income
- 5.8% in real assets (listed infrastructure and property)
- 24.9% effective equity

Our fixed income positioning remains conservative. The Fund's duration of one year is far shorter than that of the global bond aggregate index's 6.5 years. The Fund's yield to maturity (YTM) of 5% compares favourably, both to inflation expectations and the index's 3.5%. With credit spreads in both the investment grade and high yield markets at low levels, we believe now is not the time to be reaching for yield.

The Emerging Market (EM) trio of Coupang, NU Holdings (Nubank) and Sea Ltd (Sea) were amongst the top contributors for the quarter. As we have discussed previously, we consider these to be three of the most competitively advantaged businesses within the EM universe. These companies all possess the key attributes of a winning business, with leading and improving market positions, exceptional management teams alongside a culture of innovation, as well as being digital businesses on the right side of technological change. Each business has a strong multi-year growth outlook, supported by structural tailwinds, and will generate very attractive returns on invested capital at scale.

Coupang is the leading ecommerce platform in South Korea. Ecommerce penetration in its home market is already high, but Coupang has been a consistent share gainer, being the only company to invest in end-to-end logistics capabilities. In fact, its market share has tripled from 10% in 2019 to almost 30% today. In addition to profitable growth in its home market, the company also offers optionality post its Taiwan launch.

Nubank is the largest digital bank in Latin America with operations in Brazil, Mexico, and Colombia. In a region where customer service from traditional banks is notoriously exclusionary, inefficient, and expensive, Nubank has grown rapidly to serve well north of 100m customers today. But Nubank's market share in its key credit products remains very low, providing a strong structural growth opportunity as it upsells additional product into its existing large captive user base.

Sea is a leading Southeast Asian internet platform, with strong positions across ecommerce (Shopee), financial services (Monee), and gaming (Garena). Shopee, its ecommerce arm, continues to solidify its leadership position with over 50% market share in Southeast Asia, and is a strong challenger in Brazil. This fast growth in

ecommerce has been complemented by meaningful margin improvements. Monee also delivered exceptional growth with revenue up 58% and EBIT margins reaching 29%, as Sea continues to scale its loan book. Sea is serving an extremely underbanked population with a unique ecosystem advantage, given the data and distribution reach provided by its ecommerce arm.

Our healthcare holdings, which span the life sciences, health insurance and healthcare equipment sectors, underperformed this quarter, largely due to growing uncertainty around potential regulatory changes in the US. The Trump administration has proposed cuts to healthcare programmes, including reductions to government and academic funding, the FDA and Medicaid. They have also implemented tariffs that affect the cost of drugs and medical equipment manufactured abroad. More recently, President Trump signed an executive order aimed at reducing US drug prices, which are currently about three times higher than in other developed markets. Most pharmaceutical companies earn the bulk of their profits in the US, and therefore, this change is raising concerns about how future innovation will be funded. These regulatory developments are adding a cloud of uncertainty over R&D spending and capital investment across the healthcare sector.

We believe market reactions have overshot the likely impact of these potential changes. We remain confident in our selected healthcare holdings and believe they are well-positioned across global supply chains, customer bases, and/or product portfolios to not only navigate these changes but also gain market share in the process.

We wrote in the Q1 commentary: "In early April, markets sold off heavily following the announcement of the Trump administration's tariff plan. A negative reaction is understandable considering the opening gambit is far worse than initial expectations. The sell-off has, in our view, been indiscriminate, reflecting widespread fear and de-risking, as opposed to a rational reassessment of specific company fundamentals.

For investors who allocate capital with a long-term horizon and who have a robust assessment of what a stock is worth, this volatility is an opportunity to be exploited.

We have followed our valuation discipline and responded to the changed opportunity set. This has caused portfolio turnover to be higher than usual, but the end result is a portfolio with a higher concentration of what we consider to be long-term winners, at more attractive valuations (and therefore higher expected future returns). We have also sold some short-dated US T-bills to fund a higher allocation to equities."

Markets have fully recovered from April's sell-off and the upside of our equity holdings is now lower. As such, we have reduced equity exposure from the intra-quarter peak, reversing much of the asset allocation decisions made three months ago. Notably, the composition of the equity portfolio remains high quality, with c.90% of the equity bucket comprised of winning businesses.

Thank you for your support and interest in the Fund.

**Portfolio manager**  
**Neil Padoa**  
as at 30 June 2025

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BEFORE INVESTING IN THE CORONATION GLOBAL CAPITAL PLUS PRESCIENT FEEDER AMETF

Collective investment schemes (CISs) should be considered as medium to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up, and therefore Prescient does not make any guarantees with respect to the protection of capital or returns. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance. The fund is mandated to invest up to 100% of its portfolio into foreign securities and may as a result be exposed to macroeconomic, settlement, political, tax, reporting or illiquidity risk factors that may be different to similar investments in the South African markets. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying investments to go up or down. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. A feeder fund invests in a single fund of a collective investment scheme, which levies its own charges and could result in a higher fee structure for the feeder fund. The asset allocation by instrument type are reflected on a look-through basis. The asset allocation by issuer type and top issuer exposures are not reflected on a look-through basis. The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and Investments South Africa. The Management Company reserves the right to close the fund to new investors if we deem it necessary to limit further inflows in order for it to be managed in accordance with its mandate. The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third party-named portfolio. CISs are allowed to engage in scrip lending and borrowing. Standard Bank has been appointed as trustees for the fund. Prescient is a full member of the Association for Savings & Investment SA (ASISA). Exchange Traded Funds vs Unit Trusts: Whilst both unit trusts and ETFs are regulated and registered under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, ETFs trade on stock exchanges just like any other listed, tradable security. Unlike a unit trust, which can be bought or sold only at the end of the trading day, an ETF can be traded intraday, during exchange trading hours. Exchange traded funds are listed on an exchange and may incur additional costs. This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient ETF Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

**Management Company:** Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd **Registration number:** 2002/022560/07 **Physical address:** Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto Close, Westlake, 7945 **Postal address:** PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966. **Telephone number:** 0800 111 899 **E-mail address:** info@prescient.co.za **Website:** www.prescient.co.za.

**Trustee:** Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd **Registration number:** 1962/000738/06 **Physical address:** Standard Bank Centre, 5 Simmonds Street, Johannesburg, South Africa 2001 **Telephone number:** 0860 222 050 **Website:** www.standardbank.co.za

### HOW ARE UNITS PRICED AND AT WHICH PRICE WILL MY TRANSACTION BE EXECUTED?

CISs are traded at ruling prices set on every trading day. Fund valuations take place at approximately 15h00 each business day, except at month end when the valuation is performed at approximately 17h00 (JSE market close) and forward pricing is used. Instructions must reach the Management Company before 14h00 (12h00 for the Money Market Fund) to ensure same day value. The payment of withdrawals may be delayed in extraordinary circumstances, when the manager with the consent of the fund trustees deem this to be in the interest of all fund investors. These circumstances may include periods when significant underlying markets suspend trading which will prevent accurate valuation of the instruments held in the fund. When the suspension of trading relates to only certain assets held by the fund, these assets may be side-pocketed. This process allows normal liquidity on the assets that can be valued, but will delay liquidity on the affected portion of the fund. If the fund is faced with excessive withdrawals, the affected withdrawals may be ring-fenced, which is the separation and delayed sale of the assets reflecting the interest of the liquidity seeking investors. It ensures that the sale of a large number of units will not force Coronation to sell the underlying investments in a manner that may have a negative impact on remaining investors of the fund.

### HOW WAS THE PERFORMANCE INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THIS FACT SHEET CALCULATED?

As this is a new fund the fact sheet does not include performance information yet. Once performance information is available the following will apply: Performance is calculated by using net NAV to NAV numbers with income distributions reinvested. All underlying price and distribution data is sourced from Morningstar. Performance figures are quoted after the deduction of all costs (including manager fees and trading costs) incurred within the fund. Note that individual investor performance may differ as a result of the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment of distributions and dividend withholding tax, where applicable. Annualised performance figures represent the geometric average return earned by the fund over the given time period and are available to investors on request. Unannualised performance represents the total return earned by the fund over the given time period, expressed as a percentage.

### HOW ARE THE BENCHMARK RETURNS CALCULATED?

The benchmark used for performance purposes is the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR).

### WHAT IS THE TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO (TER) AND TRANSACTION COSTS (TC)?

The TER and Transaction Costs cannot be determined accurately because of the short life span of the Financial Product. Calculations are based on actual data where possible and best estimates where actual data is not available. TER is calculated as a percentage of the average net asset value of the portfolio incurred as charges, levies and fees in the management of the portfolio over the period referenced. The TER charged by any underlying fund held as part of a fund's portfolio is included in the fund expenses portion of the TER, but trading and implementation costs incurred in managing the underlying fund are excluded. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. The 1-year TER is for the 12 months to end of the previous financial year (updated annually). The 3-year TER is for a rolling 36-month period to the last available quarter end (December, March, June and September). Transaction costs are a necessary cost in managing a fund and impacts the fund's return. They should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of fund, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. The Total Investment Charge is the sum of the Total Expense Ratio (TER) and transaction costs.

### ADVICE AND PLATFORM COSTS

Coronation does not provide financial advice. If you appoint an adviser, advice fees are contracted directly between you and the adviser. For more information, please contact the relevant platform (Linked Investment Service Provider or Life Assurance Provider).

### WHERE CAN I FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION?

Additional information such as daily fund prices, brochures, application forms and a schedule of fund fees and charges is available on the manager's website: [www.prescient.co.za](http://www.prescient.co.za).

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING TERMS OF USE

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The fund has adhered to its policy objective.