## MINIMUM DISCLOSURE DOCUMENT & GENERAL INVESTOR REPORT

#### INVESTMENT AND RETURN OBJECTIVE

The Fund aims to deliver returns close to the FTSE/JSE Africa Capped Shareholder Weighted Total Return Index at low cost. Although the Fund is structured similarly to the Capped SWIX, it can out / underperform the Capped SWIX by small amounts over time.

#### **INVESTMENT PROCESS**

The Fund follows an investment policy which firstly endeavours to follow the composition of the Capped SWIX closely and secondly seeks enhancement opportunities to secure for investors an optimum overall return. In addition to investing in physical assets, the Fund can use derivatives to create exposure to the Capped SWIX or subsets thereof in a low cost and efficient manner.

#### WHO SHOULD INVEST

Investors who are seeking long term capital growth through exposure to the South Africa equity market by investing in a fund with a low tracking error relative to the Capped SWIX and who are cost conscious.

#### RISK INDICATOR DEFINITION

These portfolios typically hold meaningful equity and/or offshore exposure which may result in significant capital volatility over all periods. Due to their nature expected long term returns are higher than for the other risk categories.

## **RISK INDICATOR**



ANNUALISED PER	FORMANO	CE (%)
	Fund	Benchmark
1 year	30.93	28.13
3 years	23.72	21.59
5 years	19.62	18.83
Since incep.	13.25	12.71
Highest rolling 1 year	52.56	54.24
Lowest rolling 1 year	-24.51	-24.53



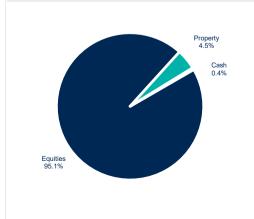
# RISK AND FUND STATS (Since inception)

Since inception (p.a	.)		
	Fund	Benchmark	Naspers
			Gold Fie
Alpha	0.54%		Anglogo
Sharpe Ratio	0.45	0.43	Firstrand
Standard Deviation	16.12%	15.49%	Standard
Max Drawdown	-28.13%	-28.12%	Capitec
Dividend Yield	3.45%	3.47%	Valterra
PE Ratio	15.52	15.45	Mtn Gro Prosus Anglo Ar
			Total

TOP	10	SH	AR	ES

	% of Fund
Naspers	9.4
Gold Fields	8.3
Anglogold Ashanti Plc	5.6
Firstrand Ltd	5.1
Standard Bank Group	4.0
Capitec Bank Hldgs Ltd	3.9
Valterra Platinum Ltd	3.5
Mtn Group	3.3
Prosus	3.1
Anglo American	2.7
Total	48.9

## ASSET ALLOCATION



# SECTOR ALLOCATION (%)

	Fund	Benchmark	Relative
Basic Materials	31.8	31.8	0.0
Consumer Discretionary	6.0	6.0	0.0
Consumer Staples	10.0	10.0	0.0
Energy	0.6	0.7	-0.1
Financials	25.7	25.8	-0.1
Health Care	0.9	1.0	-0.1
Industrials	2.3	2.4	-0.1
Real Estate	4.5	4.5	0.0
Technology	12.8	12.8	0.0
Telecommunications	4.9	4.9	0.0
Cash	0.4	0.0	0.4

# Prescient

INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT

30 SEPTEMBER 2025

#### ABOUT THE FUND

#### **Fund Manager:**

Prescient Equity Team

#### **Fund Classification:**

South African - Equity - General

#### Benchmark:

FTSE/JSE Capped SWIX All Share Total Return

#### JSE Code:

PCCFA2

#### ISIN:

ZAE000268157

#### **Fund Size:**

R2.1 bn

#### No of Units:

125,935,414

# Unit Price (cpu):

200.70

# Inception Date:

31 January 2019

## Minimum Investment:

R10 000 lump-sum R1 000 per month

# Income Distribution:

31 March 2025 - 2.02 cpu

### Initial Fee:

0.00%

# Annual Management Fee:

0.30% (excl VAT)

# (All performance figures are net of TIC)

# Fee Breakdown:

Total Investment Charge (TIC)	0.39%
Transaction Costs (TC)	0.03%
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	0.36%
Other Fees*	0.06%
Performance Fees	0.00%
Management Fee	0.30%

\*Other fees includes underlying fee (where applicable): Audit Fees, Custody Fees, Trustee Fees and VAT

#### **FUND MONTHLY RETURNS**

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD
2019		1.17%	-0.09%	5.03%	-4.74%	2.90%	-3.21%	-2.62%	0.79%	3.64%	-1.47%	3.10%	4.08%
2020	-2.71%	-9.49%	-16.74%	14.09%	-0.13%	6.57%	3.21%	-1.04%	-1.12%	-4.39%	10.31%	5.32%	-0.12%
2021	3.00%	5.38%	3.18%	0.89%	3.08%	-2.99%	2.67%	2.05%	-1.51%	2.50%	1.17%	4.81%	26.72%
2022	2.77%	2.80%	1.31%	-4.22%	0.65%	-8.04%	2.34%	-0.63%	-4.76%	5.99%	10.41%	-2.87%	4.45%
2023	8.09%	-2.94%	-1.61%	2.73%	-7.75%	5.21%	4.55%	-4.83%	-3.51%	-2.73%	9.13%	3.03%	8.08%
2024	-2.95%	-2.50%	2.45%	3.14%	0.85%	5.04%	4.60%	1.87%	4.32%	-1.28%	-0.60%	-0.49%	14.97%
2025	2.80%	-0.34%	3.54%	4.61%	3.54%	2.54%	2.60%	3.69%	6.98%				34.07%

Source: Performance calculated by Prescient Fund Services verified by the FSP Date: 30 September 2025

#### **FUND COMMENTARY**

After a volatile start to September, global equity markets ended the third quarter of 2025 on a steadier footing as the MSCI World Index advanced 3.2% for the month and 7.3% for the quarter. This was seemingly on the back of renewed confidence in a soft-landing narrative, resilient corporate earnings, and optimism around potential U.S. Federal Reserve rate cuts later this year. In the U.S., the S&P 500 added 3.6% in September, capping an 8.1% gain for the quarter as market participants digested a mixed set of macro indicators; softer manufacturing data offset by continued labour-market strength while the Fed delivered their first rate cut this year and signalled increasing comfort with disinflation progress. Large-cap technology shares regained leadership of this charge, supported by robust demand for Al-related infrastructure and cloud computing investment.

European equities also ended higher, with the Euro Stoxx 500 up 3.3% for the month and 4.1% for the quarter. Improving business sentiment and easing inflation provided some relief, while the European Central Bank maintained a measured tone on future rate cuts. UK Equities were similarly strong, despite sticky inflation data and political uncertainty, the FTSE 100 Index gained 1.5% and 5.5% for the month and quarter respectively. In Asia, Japan's Nikkei 225 Index gained 4.6% in U.S. dollars for September to post a quarterly gain of 8.3%, as a weaker yen propped up the export market outlook and buoyed investor optimism. China's CSI 300 Index, led by the technology sector gained 3.3% to extend its quarterly rally to a massive 18.6% amid targeted policy stimulus and early signs of stabilisation in the property sector.

Emerging-market equities outperformed developed market equities, with the MSCI EM Index up 7.2% for September and 10.6% for the quarter. Gains were driven by stronger performance from China, India, and select Southeast Asian markets, even as Latin America lagged on currency volatility and fiscal pressures.

South African equities followed the global trend. The FTSE/JSE All Share Index rose 6.6% in September and 12.9% for the quarter, supported by strength in resources and technology shares. The rand strengthened 2.2% against the U.S. dollar during the month to close the guarter 2.5% stronger than the greenback.

The top contributors to the Fund's performance for the month were Gold Fields (27.1%), Valterra Platinum Ltd (52.9%) and Anglogold Ashanti Plc (23.2%). Detractors included British American Tobacco PLC (-8.6%), Sanlam Ltd (-8.3%), and Discovery Ltd (-9.2%).

#### **GLOSSARY**

Annualised performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest performance: The highest and lowest performance for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Current Yield: Annual income (interest or dividends) divided by the current price of the security.

CPU: Cents Per Unit to the Glossary

Alpha: Denotes the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Dividend Yield: The weighted average dividend yield of all the underlying equity in the Fund. The dividend yield of each company is the dividends per share divided by the price.

PE Ratio: The weighted average price earnings ratio of all the underlying equity in the Fund. The price earnings ratio of each company is the price divided by the earnings per share.

### **Fund Specific Risks**

Default Risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

Interest rate risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

% Property risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Geographic / Sector risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative counterparty risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

Equity investment risk: Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

# **Information Disclosure**

The portfolio has adhered to its policy objective and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio during the quarter.

## **DISCLAIMER**

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long-term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. During the phase in period TERs do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction cost is a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER

Where a current yield has been included for Funds that derive its income primarily from interest bearing income, the yield is a weighted average yield of all underlying interest bearing instruments as at the last day of the month. This yield is subject to change as market rates and underlying investments change.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third-party-named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 11:00 (SA) for money market funds and the Prescient Optimised Income Fund and by or before 13:00 for all other funds, to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut-off time, Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers, including actual initial and all ongoing fees, with income reinvested on the reinvestment date. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.

For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.prescient.co.za

# **CONTACT DETAILS**

## Management Company:

Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd., **Registration number:** 2002/022560/07 **Physical address:** Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto Close, Westlake, 7945 **Postal address:** PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966 **Telephone number:** 0800 111 899 **E-mail:** info@prescient.co.za **Website:** www.prescient.co.za

# Trustee:

Nedbank Investor Services, **Physical address**: 2nd Floor, 16 Constantia Boulevard, Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort, 1709 **Telephone number**: +27 11 534 6557 **Website**: www.nedbank.co.za

The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and Investments SA.

# Investment Manager:

Prescient Investment Management (Pty) Ltd, Registration number: 1998/023640/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (FSP 612) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision. Physical address: Block B, Silverwood, Silverwood Lane, Steenberg Office Park, Tokai, 7945 Postal address: PO Box 31142, Tokai 7966 Telephone number: +27 21 700 3600 Website: www.prescient.co.za

This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute or form part of any offer to issue or sell or any solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or purchase any particular investments. Opinions expressed in this document may be changed without notice at any time after publication. We therefore disclaim any liability for any loss, liability, damage (whether direct or consequential) or expense of any nature whatsoever which may be suffered as a result of or which may be attributable directly or indirectly to the use of or reliance upon the information. Issue date 16 October 2025