

Investment Objective & Strategy

The **WealthStrat Growth Prescient Fund of Funds** will aim to deliver moderate to high long term total return. The manager shall have limited flexibility in terms of asset allocation and shall not be precluded from continually varying the underlying exposure to both local and offshore assets. The Fund will employ asset and limited geographical allocations to reflect changing economic and market conditions to maximise returns over the long term, the **WealthStrat Growth Prescient Fund of Funds** will, apart from assets in liquid form, consist solely of participatory interest in Collective Investment Schemes which will invest in a diversified mix of assets, including but not limited to equities, property, preference shares, money market and fixed interest instruments. The equity allocation will be managed at a maximum effective exposure, including offshore equity, up to 75%. The underlying collective investment schemes are permitted to invest in listed and unlisted financial instruments in line with conditions as determined by legislation from time to time. The underlying portfolios will predominantly invest in South African markets but is however permitted to include investments in offshore jurisdictions subject to the investment conditions determined by legislation from time to time.

Risk Profile



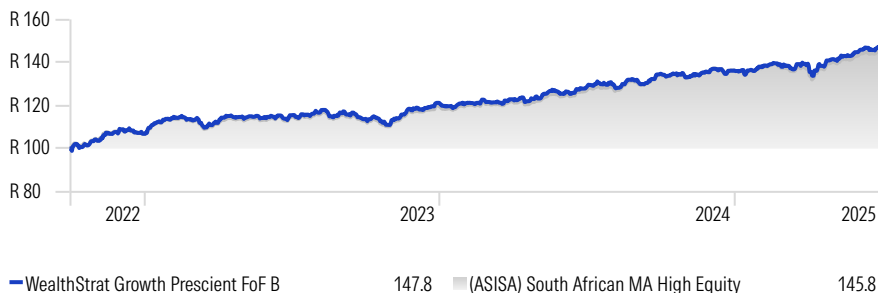
Annualised Returns

	1 Year	2 Years	3 Years	4 Years	5 Years	Since Inception
WealthStrat Growth Prescient FoF B	15.60	13.14	—	—	—	15.28
(ASISA) South African MA High Equity	15.15	12.71	13.35	10.62	11.93	14.70

Rolling 1-Year Performance

Highest rolling 1 year return	20.49
Lowest rolling 1 year return	6.41

*Illustrative Performance

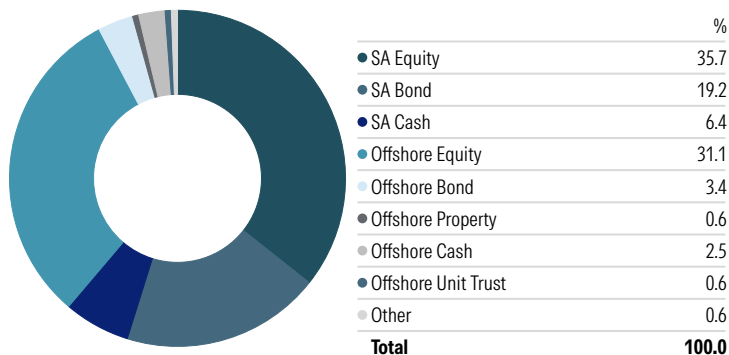


Monthly Returns

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
2025	1.32	-0.04	0.49	1.93	2.41	2.11							8.49
2024	-0.29	0.69	0.96	1.06	1.02	1.92	2.28	0.62	2.23	-0.55	1.24	0.57	12.37
2023	6.32	-0.03	-1.44	2.46	-0.47	1.16	1.15	-0.02	-2.69	-2.29	6.93	2.11	13.46
2022	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.19	3.27	-0.67	—

Asset Allocation

Portfolio Date: 2025/06/30



Fund Information

Portfolio Manager	WealthStrat (Pty) Ltd
Fund Classification	(ASISA) South African MA High Equity
Benchmark	ASISA SA Multi Asset High Equity Avg
Time Horizon	5-7 Years
Regulation 28 Compliant	Yes
Inception Date	2022/09/30
Fund Size	R 2,053,737,321.00
ISIN	ZAE000311916
Ticker	NITFFB

Investment Minimums

Minimum Lump Sum	R 10 000
Minimum Monthly Debit Order	R500

Fee Breakdown (B Class)

Management Fee	0.46% (Excl. VAT)
Performance Fee	0.00
Total Expense Ratio (TER)	1.12
Transaction Costs (TC)	0.13
Total Investment Charges (TIC)	1.25

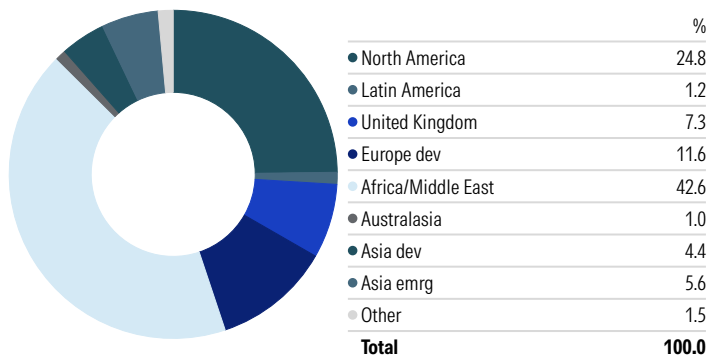
Manager Allocation

Portfolio Date: 2025/06/30

	%
Nedgroup Inv Core Global FF B	14.98%
Nedgroup Inv Core Bond C	14.96%
10X S&P SA Top 50 D	14.48%
Ninety One Global Franchise FF A	9.01%
Aylett Equity Prescient A5	8.17%
Truffle SCI General Equity Fund D	7.22%
PSG Equity D	6.16%
Fairtree SA Equity Prescient B5	6.14%
Ninety One Diversified Income A	5.95%
Dodge & Cox Worldwide Global Stk USD Acc	5.85%
Nedgroup Inv Global EM Equity FF C	4.97%

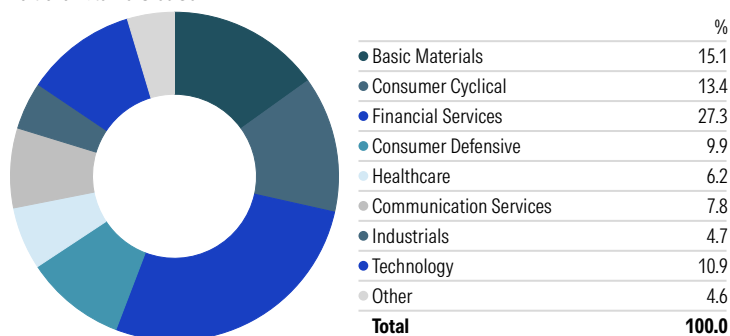
Equity Regional Exposure

Portfolio Date: 2025/06/30



Equity Sector Exposure

Portfolio Date: 2025/06/30



Top 10 Equity Holdings

Portfolio Date: 2025/06/30

	%
Naspers Ltd Class N	2.37%
Firststrand Ltd	2.28%
Gold Fields Ltd	1.69%
Standard Bank Group Ltd	1.61%
Capitec Bank Holdings Ltd	1.39%
Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV	1.35%
Anglogold Ashanti PLC	1.34%
Prosus NV Ordinary Shares - Class N	1.21%
Microsoft Corp	1.19%
British American Tobacco PLC	1.16%

Risk Statistics (Since Inception)

	Return	Standard Deviation	Best Month	Worst Month	Max Drawdown	Drawdown # months	Recovery # months
WealthStrat Growth Prescient FoF B	15.28	7.04	6.93	-2.69	-4.93	3.00	1.00
(ASISA) South African MA High Equity	14.70	6.90	6.53	-2.38	-4.77	3.00	1.00

Quarterly Fund Commentary

Moderately aggressive investors achieved strong returns in the second quarter of 2025, supported by broad-based strength across most risk assets, with all major asset classes contributing positively to performance. However, the quarter also highlighted the persistence of market volatility. It began with one of the most turbulent starts in recent history, driven by sharp selloffs in response to trade policy uncertainty. Additionally, the appreciation of the rand during the quarter acted as a headwind to the portfolio's global allocations, dampening the impact of strong offshore returns in rand terms.

The WealthStrat Growth Prescient Fund of Funds returned +6.6% for the quarter and has generated a return of +15.6% over the past year.

The portfolio remains diversified in terms of its exposure to different asset classes, and we remain confident in its ability to deliver inflation-beating returns over the long term, independent of the market environment.

Asset Allocation

Local equity markets posted strong returns over the quarter, with broad-based strength displayed across local equity sectors. The Industrials sector (+11.8%) posted strong returns over the quarter, buoyed by strong performances from index heavyweights Naspers and Prosus. However, the retail sector remains a drag on the overall market with stocks such as Mr Price, Pepkor and Woolworths underperforming the broader market. Financials (+8.5%) and Resources (+9.2%) posted strong performance over the quarter, with pronounced returns from underlying gold and platinum mining stocks. Property (+9.1%) posted some strong returns of the quarter, erasing some of its weaker performance earlier this year. Global equities generally produced strong returns over the second quarter. While US equities rebounded from their early-April selloff, international developed and emerging markets remain ahead year-to-date, with the MSCI EAFE Index (Europe, Australasia and the Far East) outperforming the Morningstar US Market Index by over 13%. Beyond short-term volatility, market leadership is shifting in more structural ways. The "Magnificent Seven" are no longer moving in lockstep; four out of the seven have underperformed the broader market, with Tesla (-21.3%) and Apple (-17.9%) in or near bear market territory. In contrast, industrials, utilities and financials have emerged as leading US sectors, marking a distinct rotation away from tech dominance. Emerging markets (MSCI EM) have also surged, rising more than 15% through June. In terms of investment styles, growth stocks outperformed value stocks over the quarter, while small-cap stocks continued to lag the broader market. South African bonds delivered strong returns over the quarter, as a broad-based decline in yields drove bond prices higher across the curve. Longer-dated maturities saw particularly pronounced gains, as the yield on 10-year government bonds declined significantly over the period. Markets were also attentive to the potential introduction of a lower inflation target by the South African Reserve Bank (SARB), which could have long-term implications for the country's monetary policy framework and potentially anchor future rate expectations at lower levels. Local cash allocations also provided steady positive returns over the period. Offshore bond exposures continued to contribute meaningfully over the quarter, with the broad US bond market (measured by the Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index) up nearly 4% for the year. At current yield levels, bonds are once again contributing meaningfully to total return, offering not only downside protection but also real, consistent income, reinforcing their strategic role in a well-balanced portfolio. Furthermore, offshore cash allocations made a positive contribution to overall portfolio performance. The stronger rand acted as a headwind to the performance of offshore allocations. The fund's asset allocation is broadly similar to the previous quarter.

Fund Selection

The contribution from fund selection was generally positive for the quarter.

Nedgroup Investments Core Bond delivered strong performance over the quarter, supported by the positive returns from medium and long dated SA government bonds. The local nominal yield curve shifted lower, which led to meaningfully lower yields (higher prices) during the quarter. A key development during the quarter was the announcement by the South African Reserve Bank (SARB) that they are considering lowering the local inflation target by changing it from a range of 3-6% (midpoint of 4.5%) to a point target of 3%. This, along with a supportive global environment and lower US treasury yields, created a strong tailwind for the local bond market.

The Truffle SCI General Equity Fund delivered solid absolute returns over the quarter, but underperformed its FTSE/JSE Capped SWIX benchmark, posting third quartile performance. Despite this, the fund outpaced the peer group average in a challenging period to outperform the index. Key contributors to absolute performance included exposures to index heavyweights Naspers (+22.1%) and Prosus (+17.1%), as well as exposure to precious metal miners such as AngloGold Ashanti (+19.0%), Northam Platinum (+46.4%) and Impala Platinum (+26.2%). However, the funds' overweight allocation to South African financials, which was the worst performing local equity sector over the quarter, detracted from overall returns, with allocations to Standard Bank (-1.4%) and Nedbank (-0.9%) detracting from performance.

Aylett Equity Prescient delivered positive performance in the second quarter, outperforming both its FTSE/JSE All Share Index benchmark and the ASISA peer group average over this time period. Outperformance over the quarter was driven predominantly by stock selection in both the locally listed and offshore components of the portfolio. On the local side, the main contributors to performance over the quarter were the holdings in We Buy Cars (+42.9%) and Reinet Investments (+29.4%). On the offshore side, holdings in St. James's Place (+25.6%) and Aylett Global Equity Fund (+11.3%) were the main contributors to performance.

There were no changes made to the underlying funds in the portfolio in the second quarter.

Summary

We are pleased that the portfolio delivered a decent return over the second quarter, despite a relatively volatile global market environment. We remain comfortable with the positioning of the portfolio, both from an asset allocation and a manager selection perspective. The portfolio continues to be allocated to a diverse range of attractively priced local and global asset classes. We are confident that it will be able to deliver on its objective over the long term. The fund has adhered to its policy objective.

Fund Details

Number of Units (B Class)	1,463,591,278.70
Unit Price (B Class)	1.36
Valuation Time	17:00
Transaction Time	13:00 South Africa Subscription and Redemption
Currency	Rand

Income Distributions

Distribution Frequency	Semi annually
Distribution Dates	31 March & 30 September
Last 12 months Distributions (cpu) B Class	30/09/24: 2.29 31/03/25: 1.67

Glossary

Annualised performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1-year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest return: The highest and lowest returns for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month

Fund Specific Risks

Default risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

Developing Market (excluding SA) risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

Foreign Investment risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest rate risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

Property risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Currency exchange risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Geographic / Sector risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative counterparty risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

Liquidity risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.

Equity investment risk: The value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Contact Details

Management Company: Prescient Management Company (RF) (Pty) Ltd, **Registration number:** 2002/022560/07 **Physical address:** Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto Close, Westlake, 7945 **Postal address:** PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966. **Telephone number:** 0800 111 899. **E-mail address:** info@prescient.co.za **Website:** www.prescient.co.za

Trustee: Nedbank Investor Services **Physical address:** 2nd Floor, 16 Constantia Boulevard, Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort, 1709 **Telephone number:** +27 11 534 6557 **Website:** www.nedbank.co.za

The Management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for Savings and Investments South Africa.

Investment Manager: WealthStrat (Pty) Ltd, Registration number: 2013/025893/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (FSP 44865) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision.

Physical address: 2 North Road, Dunkeld West, Johannesburg, 2196 **Postal address:** PO Box 55560, Northlands, 2116 **Telephone number:** 011 502 2800 **Website:** www.wealthstrat.co.za

Disclaimer

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long-term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

A Fund of Funds is a portfolio that invests in portfolios of collective investment schemes, which levy their own charges, which could result in a higher fee structure for these portfolios.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third-party-named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 13:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

*The investment performance is for illustrative purposes only. The investment performance is calculated by taking the actual initial fees and all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown and income is reinvested on the reinvestment date.

For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.prescient.co.za

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This portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient Unit Trust Scheme, which is governed by the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act.