

Fund objective

The Fund is a domestic fund with a flexible mandate to invest across a wide range of local fixed income asset classes.

The Fund's primary objective is to maximize income returns and provide relative capital stability.

About the Fund

The investment team will invest in a diversified portfolio of bonds, fixed deposits, structured money market instruments, listed debentures and other high yielding securities. The duration typically ranges from 0-2 years. We will increase duration when opportunities arise, but usually prefer to manage the strategy with a relatively low level of interest rate risk.

The Fund is managed by Philip Liebenberg and Lara Dalmeyer.

Fund details

Inception Date	13/02/2020
Unit Price	1.07
Number of Participatory Interests	13,762
Fund Size (R)	429,700,521
Minimum Investment (R)	100,000
Benchmark	STEFI Call Index net of fees
Peergroup	(ASISA) South African IB Short Term

Fees (% p.a.) (Class A)

Annual Fee (Class A)	0.30
Total Expense Ratio (incl.VAT)	0.40
Transaction Costs (incl.VAT)	0.00
Total Investment Charges (incl.VAT)	0.40
Entry/Exit Fees	None

Distributions

Distribution Frequency	Quarterly
Distribution Dates	31 Mar, 30 June, 30 Sep, 31 Dec
Latest Distribution (cents per unit)	2.12
Credit Quality	AA

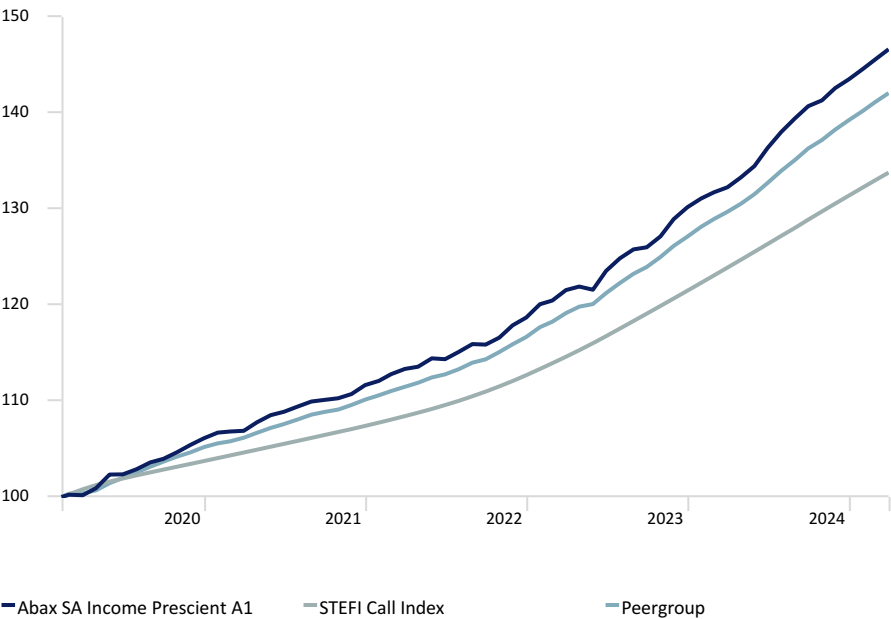
Credit Exposure Breakdown (%)

SA Government	40.0
Government Guaranteed	0.7
State Owned Enterprise	0.1
SA Municipal	0.0
SA Banks	75.9
Corporates	8.0

Fund Yield and Duration

Fund Duration	0.83
Fund Yield (%)	8.95

Investment growth since inception



Returns (% annualised)

	1-m	3-m	YTD	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	Incep.
Abax SA Income Prescient A1	0.7	2.2	2.2	10.9	9.0	7.9	7.8
STEFI Call Index	0.6	1.8	1.8	8.0	7.3	5.8	5.8
Peergroup	0.7	2.0	2.0	9.5	8.4	7.2	7.1

Risk (annualised since inception)

	Std Dev	Sharpe Ratio	Max Drawdown
Abax SA Income Prescient A1	1.4	—	-0.3
STEFI Call Index	0.6	—	—
Peergroup	0.7	—	—

Asset Allocation

	31/03/2025	31/12/2024
SA Floating Rate Notes	49.5	49.6
SA Cash	30.9	31.7
SA Bonds	11.1	9.6
SA Inflation Linked Bonds	8.5	9.1
Total	100.0	100.0

Monthly Returns - Abax SA Income Prescient A1

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
2025	0.7	0.7	0.7										2.2
2024	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.8	0.9	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.6	10.2
2023	1.2	0.3	0.9	0.3	-0.3	1.6	1.1	0.7	0.2	0.9	1.4	1.0	9.7
2022	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.8	-0.1	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.6	1.1	0.7	6.3
2021	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.7	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.8	5.2
2020	—	—	0.0	0.7	1.4	0.0	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.7	0.7	—

Best and worst periods (%)

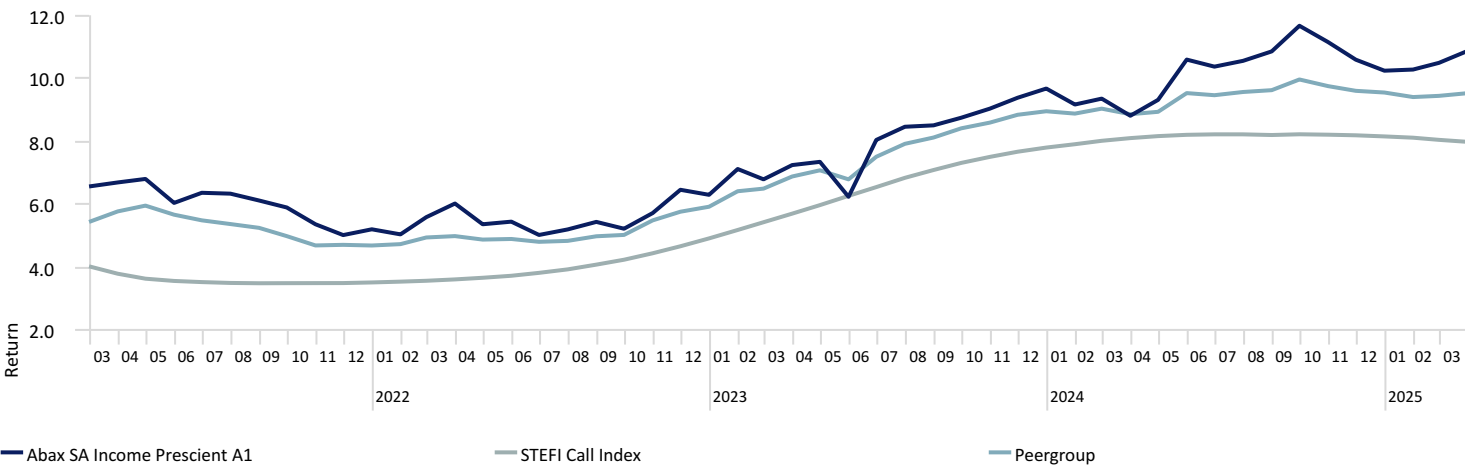
Best 12-months

10.6 Worst 12-months

5.2

Best and worst periods (%)

12M - Rolling returns (%)



Investment manager

Investment Manager: Abax Investments Proprietary Limited, Registration number: 2000/008606/07 is an authorised Financial Services Provider (FSP856) under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002), to act in the capacity as investment manager. This information is not advice, as defined in the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act (No.37 of 2002). Please be advised that there may be representatives acting under supervision.

Physical address: 2nd Floor, Colinton House, The Oval, 1 Oakdale Road, Newlands.
Postal address: Postnet Suite #255, Private Bag X1005, Claremont, 7735
Telephone number: 021 670 8960. Website: www.abax.co.za

Management company and Trustee

Management Company: Prescient Management Company (RF)(Pty) Ltd, Registration number: 2002/022560/07 Physical address: Prescient House, Westlake Business Park, Otto close, Westlake, 7945 Postal address: PO Box 31142, Tokai, 7966. Telephone number : 0800 111 899
E-mail: info@prescient.co.za Website: www.prescient.co.za

Trustee: Nedbank Investor Services Physical address: 2nd Floor, 16 Constantia Boulevard, Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort, 1709 Telephone number: +27 11 534 6557
Website: www.nedbank.co.za. The management Company and Trustee are registered and approved under the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act (No.45 of 2002). Prescient is a member of the Association for savings and Investments SA.

Definitions

Annualised performance - Annualised performance show longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest return - The highest and lowest returns for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV - The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities.

Sharpe Ratio - The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund.

Standard Deviation - The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown - The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception.

Important information

This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute or form part of any offer to issue or sell or any solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or purchase any particular investments. Opinions expressed in this document may be changed without notice at any time after publication. We therefore disclaim any liability for any loss, liability, damage (whether direct or consequential) or expense of any nature whatsoever which may be suffered as a result of or which may be attributable directly or indirectly to the use of or reliance upon the information.

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate.

CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the service charge) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, or does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. Fund Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

The illustrative investment performance which is shown is for illustrative purposes only and is calculated by taking the actual initial fees and all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown. Income is reinvested on the reinvestment date.

Where a current yield has been included for Funds that derive its income primarily from interest bearing income, the yield is a weighted average yield of all underlying interest-bearing instruments as at the last day of the month. This yield is subject to change as market rates and underlying investments change.

The Manager retains full legal responsibility for any third party named portfolio. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information.

The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no guarantees. Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 13:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. Funds are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website. This Portfolio operates as a white label fund under the Prescient unit trust Scheme. The portfolio has adhered to its policy objective. For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.abax.co.za.

Source: Abax, Bloomberg and Morningstar.

Risk Disclosure

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Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks, settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information.

Default risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments (e.g. bonds) may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses could result.

Developing Market (excluding SA) risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

Foreign Investment risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest rate risk: The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation rises.

Property risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local, regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Currency exchange risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Geographic / Sector risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative counterparty risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss.

Liquidity risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.

Equity investment risk: Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.