

Fairtree Global Listed Real Estate Fund

Minimum Disclosure Document - Class A

31 May 2024

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investors with capital appreciation and to generate income over the medium to long term through exposure to international real estate assets.

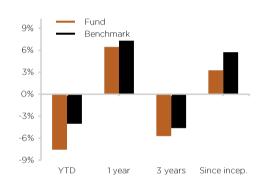
Risk Indicator Definition

The investment objective of the Fund is to provide investors with capital appreciation and to generate income over the medium to long term through exposure to international real estate assets. In addition to the risk captured by the indicator, the overall Fund value may be considerably affected by: liquidity risk, market risk, operational risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and currency risk.

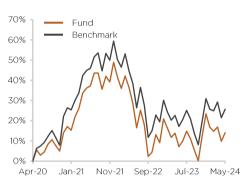
RISK INDICATOR



ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)



CUMULATIVE PERFORMANCE



ANNUALISED PERFORMANCE (%)

	Fund	Benchmark		
1 year	6.45	7.31		
3 years	-5.72	-4.63		
Since incep.	3.26	5.72		
Highest rolling 1 year	35.23	42.12		
Lowest rolling 1 year	-26.73	-25.09		

All performance figures are net of fees.

RISK AND FUND STATS

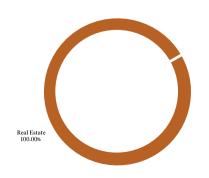
Since inception (p.a.)	Fund	Benchmark		
Alpha	-2.46%			
Sharpe Ratio	0.05	0.19		
Sortino Ratio	0.07			
Information Ratio	-0.58			
Standard Deviation	19.07%	18.76%		
Max Drawdown	-32.75%	-32.15%		
Max Gain	12.20%	13.19%		
% Positive Months	54.00%	56.00%		

Benchmark risk statistics for funds with intra-month inceptions dates are calculated using the monthly return series.

ASSET ALLOCATION (%)

	S.A	Foreign	Total
Property	0.00	98.44	98.44
Cash	0.00	1.56	1.56
Total	0.00	100.00	100.00

EQUITY SECTOR EXPOSURE



FUND INFORMATION

Fund Manager:

Rob Hart

Fund Classification:

Global Real Estate UCITS

Benchmark:

FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Net TRI USD

Bloomberg Code:

PGFGREA

ISIN Number:

IE00BJXSYV28

Regulation 28 Compliant:

N/A

Fund Size:

\$19.3 m

No of Units:

32,975

Unit Price:

1,140.50

Inception Date:

April 2020

Minimum Investment:

\$5 000

Initial Fee:

0.00%

Annual Management Fee:

1.25%

Performance Fee:

N/A

Fee Class:

А

Fee Breakdown:

Total Investment Charge	1.52%
Transaction Costs	0.00%
Total Expense Ratio	1.52%
Other Fees*	0.27%
Performance Fees	N/A
Management Fee	1.25%

^{*}Other fees includes underlying fee (where applicable): Audit Fees, Custody Fees, Trustee Fees and VAT

Income Distribution:

31 March 2024 - 0 cpu

^{*}TIC Fees are calculated in respect of 12 months ending before 31 March 2024

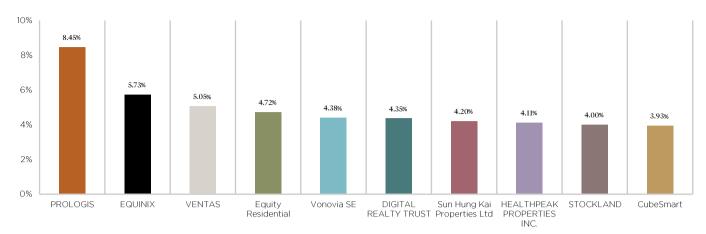


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TOP 10 HOLDINGS



FUND MONTHLY RETURNS

	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	YTD
2020				5.60%	-2.49%	1.52%	3.83%	1.96%	-2.75%	-2.44%	8.62%	2.67%	17.09%
2021	-1.54%	5.80%	3.30%	6.07%	1.83%	0.82%	4.61%	0.02%	-5.59%	4.74%	-1.99%	7.01%	27.18%
2022	-4.92%	-3.98%	4.55%	-3.93%	-5.82%	-9.41%	7.48%	-5.85%	-13.23%	2.13%	8.25%	-3.53%	-26.73%
2023	10.86%	-3.84%	-3.95%	1.83%	-5.83%	2.70%	4.36%	-3.25%	-5.20%	-4.92%	12.20%	9.83%	13.10%
2024	-5.34%	-1.75%	1.89%	-6.04%	3.80%								-7.58%

The performance figures are expressed in USD.

MARKET COMMENTARY

In May, the Fund outperformed the benchmark by 40 bps and increased by 3.8% in absolute terms. The outperformance was driven by the first and second bites of the apple (regional and sectoral allocation), which contributed 37 bps. The third bite of the apple (stock selection) and currency had a marginal impact. We put our excess cash to work during the month as we found interesting opportunities after analysing the first quarter results. It also became clearer that the European Union and Bank of England are likely to cut rates ahead of the Fed, and those regions duly outperformed, rewarding our overweight stance in the UK in particular. Hong Kong was our other large overweight, which unfortunately worked against us as it underperformed. We remain committed to both geographies on the back of solid balance sheets underpinning the UK stocks and exceptionally attractive valuations with stabilising macro factors supporting Hong Kong.

The best-performing region for the month was the UK, up 7%, where we have seen a steady decline in inflation and anticipate rate cuts over the coming months. The second-best region was Europe, up 6%, where imminent rate cuts are also anticipated. The third-best region was the US, up 4%, where we were underweight as valuations are less favourable and rate cuts further away. At the other end of the spectrum, Japanese developers and REITs were the weakest performers, down 9% and 3% respectively, which worked well for our deep underweight in that market. The third worst-performing region was Hong Kong, down 1-2%, which hurt us given that it is our largest overweight. Hong Kong valuations are extremely attractive, government policy is supportive and residential transactions are picking up. We are neutral on Australia and Singapore, with the former outperforming marginally and the latter underperforming by 2%.

Healthcare topped the performance table again in the US on the back of strong senior demographics, and we remain overweight. The second-best performing sector was industrial where we have been overweight, but, during May, the demand data turned negative, and we have trimmed our position back to equal weight. The third-best performing sector was data centres, where we are also overweight due in part to strong incremental demand from Al. At the opposite end of the spectrum, the weakest sector was lodging, where we have a zero weighting and remain bearish as economic growth slows. The second and third worst performers were triple net and office, the former on the back of anaemic rental growth and the latter because of weak fundamentals. Malls also performed well in May, but we are marginally underweight on the back of full valuations after the sector's impressive 40% rise over the last 12 months. Self-storage marginally outperformed the US index for the month, but demand remains weak, and we are underweight. We have also been underweight residential on the back of poor affordability and significant apartment supply, but after an extensive review, we have now moved to equal weight as the market looks ahead to decreasing mortgage rates and supply in 2025 and beyond.

The best-performing stocks for the month were UK office stocks Derwent London and British Land, both up 15% on the back of the increased likelihood of interest rate cuts and growing confidence after Q1 results that asset values will not fall much from here. US healthcare stock Ventas rose 14% on the back of continued strong demand for senior housing. At the opposite end of the spectrum, the weakest-performing stocks were once again from Hong Kong. Hang Lung Properties fell 18% as retail rents in Hong Kong and China disappointed, and Swire Properties fell 12% for similar reasons. Japanese developer Sumitomo Realty fell 11% as stocks in that geography took a pause after strong stock price performance over the last year despite weak fundamentals.

Property stocks globally have underperformed the overall market by a large margin over the last few years, and they are now at the deepest discount on record by several metrics. We anticipate that real estate stocks will outperform over the coming year as interest rates fall, albeit slowly, which will alleviate the pressure on asset values and balance sheets. We continue to favour sectors where demand is structurally robust, such as data centres and senior housing, while avoiding those with weak demand such as office and self-storage. Opportunities abound as the macro picture evolves.

*Commentary is based on USD returns, gross of investment charges, as at the close of US markets (16h00 EST) on the last trading day of the month. This may differ from ZAR returns, which are shown net of investment charges, as at 15h00 CAT on the last trading day of the month.



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Annualised Performance: Annualised performance shows longer term performance rescaled to a 1 year period. Annualised performance is the average return per year over the period. Actual Annual figures are available to the investor on request.

Highest & Lowest Performance: The highest and lowest performance for any 1 year over the period since inception have been shown.

NAV: The net asset value represents the assets of a Fund less its liabilities

Current Yield: Annual income (interest or dividends) divided by the current price of the security

Alpha: Denotes the outperformance of the fund over the benchmark.

Sharpe Ratio: The Sharpe ratio is used to indicate the excess return the portfolio delivers over the risk free rate per unit of risk adopted by the fund

Sortino Ratio: A measure of the risk-adjusted return of a portfolio. It is a modification of the Sharpe ratio but only penalises the returns falling below a user specified target, or required rate of return, while the Sharpe ratio penalises both upside and downside volatility equally.

Standard Deviation: The deviation of the return stream relative to its own average.

Max Drawdown: The maximum peak to trough loss suffered by the Fund since inception

Max Gain: Largest increase in any single month.

% Positive Month: The percentage of months since incention where the Fund has delivered positive return

Total Expense Ratio (TER%): The Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as expenses relating to the administration of

Performance fee incl. in TER (%) PF (%): The Performance Fee is a payment made to the Fund Manager for generating positive returns and is generally calculated as percentage of investment

Transaction Costs (TC%): The Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the net asset value of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying

The Financial Product.

Total Investment Charges TIC (%) = TER (%) + TC (%):The Total Investment Charges (TIC), the TER + the TC, is the percentage of the net asset value of the class of the Financial Product incurred as costs relating to the investment of the Financial Product. It should be noted that a TIC is the sum of two calculated ratios (TER+TC).

Default Risk: The risk that the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest payments nor repay the money they have borrowed. The issuers credit quality is vital. The worse the credit quality, the greater the risk of default and therefore investment loss.

Derivatives Risk: The use of derivatives could increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses in a Fund. As such, large changes in value and potentially large financial losses

Developing Market (excluding SA) Risk: Some of the countries invested in may have less developed legal, political, economic and/or other systems. These markets carry a higher risk of financial loss than those in countries generally regarded as being more developed.

Foreign Investment Risk: Foreign securities investments may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic,

political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations.

Interest Rate Risk:The value of fixed income investments (e.g. bonds) tends to be inversely related to interest and inflation rates. Hence their value decreases when interest rates and/or inflation

% Property Risk: Investments in real estate securities can carry the same risks as investing directly in real estate itself. Real estate prices move in response to a variety of factors, including local.

regional and national economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations.

Currency Exchange Risk: Changes in the relative values of individual currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

Geographic / Sector Risk: For investments primarily concentrated in specific countries, geographical regions and/or industry sectors, their resulting value may decrease whilst portfolios more broadly invested might grow.

Derivative Counterparty Risk: A counterparty to a derivative transaction may experience a breakdown in meeting its obligations thereby leading to financial loss

Liquidity Risk: If there are insufficient buyers or sellers of particular investments, the result may lead to delays in trading and being able to make settlements, and/or large fluctuations in value. This may lead to larger financial losses than expected.

Equity Investment Risk: Value of equities (e.g. shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g. bankruptcy), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

Disclosure

The portfolio has adhered to its object and there were no material changes to the composition of the portfolio during the guarter

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) should be considered as medium to long term investments. The value may go up as well as down and past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS's are traded at the ruling price and can engage in scrip lending and borrowing. The collective investment scheme may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees, charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the Manager. There is no guarantee in respect of capital or returns in a portfolio. A CIS may be closed to new investors in order for it to be managed more efficiently in accordance with its mandate. CIS prices are calculated on a net asset basis, which is the total value of all the assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions (brokerage, STT, VAT, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee and custodian fees and the annual management fee) from the portfolio divided by the number of participatory interests (units) in issue. Forward pricing is used. The Fund's Total Expense Ratio (TER) reflects the percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio that was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TER's. During the phase in period TER's do not include information gathered over a full year. Transaction Costs (TC) is the percentage of the value of the Fund incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the Fund's underlying assets. Transaction costs are a necessary cost in administering the Fund and impacts Fund returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Fund, investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER.

Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio there may be potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic risks, political risks, foreign exchange risks, tax risks settlement risks; and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The investor acknowledges the inherent risk associated with the selected investments and that there are no quarantees Please note that all documents, notifications of deposit, investment, redemption and switch applications must be received by Prescient by or before 14:00 (SA), to be transacted at the net asset value price for that day. Where all required documentation is not received before the stated cut off time Prescient shall not be obliged to transact at the net asset value price as agreed to. The Fund are priced at either 3pm or 5pm depending on the nature of the Fund. Prices are published daily and are available on the Prescient website.

Performance has been calculated using net NAV to NAV numbers with income reinvested. The performance for each period shown reflects the return for investors who have been fully invested for that period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestments and dividend withholding tax. Full performance calculations are available from the manager on request.

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For any additional information such as fund prices, brochures and application forms please go to www.prescient.ie . Copies of the Prospectus and the annual and half yearly reports of the Company" are available in English and may be obtained, free of charge, from Prescient Fund Services (Ireland) Limited (the "Manager") at 49 Upper Mount Street, Dublin 2, Ireland or by visiting www.prescient.ie. Copies may also be obtained directly from Fairtree Asset Management (Pty) Ltd (the "Investment Manager"

Where a current yield has been included for Funds that derive its income primarily from interest bearing income, the yield is a weighted average yield of all underlying interest bearing instruments as at the last day of the month. This yield is subject to change as market rates and underlying investments change.

Regulation 28 is issued under the Pension Fund Act.

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Trustee: Northern Trust Fiduciary Services (Ireland) Limited, Physical address: Georges Court, 54 - 62 Townsend Street, Dublin 2, Ireland Telephone number: +353 1 542 2000 Website:

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